

EMERALD Environmental Solutions 4 Dublin Road Pennington NJ 08534 (609) 802-7202

January 8, 2010

Maya van Rossum The Riverkeeper Delaware Riverkeeper Network 300 Pond Street, Second Floor Bristol, PA 19007

RE: Waterview Center Block 2610 Lot 27 Hamilton Township, Mercer County, NJ

Dear Ms. van Rossum,

As you requested, I have reviewed the stormwater management system for the development of Block 2601 Lot 27 in Hamilton Township, Mercer County, New Jersey, otherwise known as Waterview Center. My analysis focused upon the project's compliance with the New Jersey Stormwater Regulations (N.J.A.C. 7:8) (Rule) and Hamilton Township Stormwater Control Ordinance 158 (Ordinance).

I utilized the following documents for this review:

"Stormwater Management and Engineer's Report for Waterview Center, Block 2610, Lot 17, Hamilton Township, Mercer County, NJ" revised to September 6, 2006 and prepared by ACT Engineers, Inc.

"Stormwater Management and Engineer's Report for Waterview Center "Banked" Parking, Block 2610, Lot 17, Hamilton Township, Mercer County, NJ" revised to September 12, 2006 and prepared by ACT Engineers, Inc.

"Report Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation, Proposed Office Development, Hamilton Township, Mercer County, NJ, Trackside Realty, LLC" dated June 14, 2005 and prepared by Melick-Tully and Associates, P.C. (pages 4 and 5, and Plate 5 missing)

"Stormwater Management Facilities Maintenance Manual, Waterview Center (Office Campus) Block 2610, Lot 27, Hamilton Township, Mercer County, NJ" dated April 17, 2006 and prepared by ACT Engineers, Inc.

"Grading, Drainage and Utility Plans and Construction Details for Preliminary Major Site Plan – Phase 1 and 2, Waterview Center, Lot 27, Block 2610 Situated in Hamilton Township, Mercer County, NJ" sheets 11 through 17 and 35 of 46, revised to June 8, 2007 and prepared by ACT Engineers, Inc.

"Supplemental Overall Plan for Preliminary Major Site Plan – Phase 1 and 2, Waterview Center, Lot 27 Block 2610 situated in Hamilton Township, Mercer County, NJ" dated December 30, 2005 and prepared by ACT Engineers, Inc.

"Environmental Impact Statement for Waterview Center, Block 2601, Lot 27, Hamilton Township, Mercer County, NJ" dated December 29, 2005 prepared by Amy S. Greene Environmental Consultants, Inc.

Interoffice Memorandums from Thomas Dunn, Hamilton Township Engineer to Michael Guhanick, Hamilton Township Land Use Coordinator; 3 documents: October 27, 2005, Revised to December 7, 2005, Revised to February 15, 2006

ACT Engineer's Response document to the December 7, 2005 Hamilton Township Engineer's Memo; ACT Engineers, Inc response dated December 30, 2005.

### **Overview of Development Project**

Waterview Center is a two-phased development consisting of 300,000 SF of office space contained in 4 multi story buildings. Phase One consists of two buildings, parking facilities, an access driveway and a large wet pond for stormwater management. Phase Two consists of two additional buildings, associated parking areas and an additional wet pond. The site is approximately 50 acres in size and consists of agricultural fields, wooded areas, wetlands and wetlands transition areas. The entire southern property line is delineated by Edge's Brook, a tributary to Back Creek which is a tributary to Crosswicks Creek. All of the streams in this system are designated FW2-NT (i.e., freshwater, non-trout). The site is bisected by a north-to-south flowing tributary to Edge's Brook.

The stormwater management system includes vegetated swale conveyance from portions of the parking areas to inlets and then to the wet basins. Building runoff is conveyed from roof drains that are directly connected to the storm sewer system. All of this piped runoff is directed to one of the two wet basins that are located near Edge's Brook.

The two wet basins are hydraulically connected with a 485-foot equalization pipe. These basins have a permanent water surface elevation of 49.2 feet. Since the basins are constructed with bottoms below the groundwater elevation, portions of the permanent pool volume are supplied by groundwater flows. The outlet structures for the basins are nearly identical and for purposes of analysis, they are modeled as one basin for the full build-out scenario.

### Stormwater Management Technical Review

The Waterview Center stormwater management measures do not meet the following portions of the Rule (in boldface) and Ordinance (in brackets):

- **7:8-5.2** Stormwater management measures for major development [158.3. (a) (1)]
- 7:8-5.3 Nonstructural stormwater management strategies [158-4. (e)]
- 7:8-5.4 Erosion control, groundwater recharge and runoff quantity standards [158-4.(f)]
- **7:8-5.5** Stormwater runoff quality standards [158-4. (g)]
- 7:8-5.6 Calculation of stormwater runoff and groundwater recharge [158–5. (a)]
- 7:8-5.7 Standards for structural stormwater management measures [158-6. (a)]
- 7:8-5.8 Maintenance requirements [158-10. (b)]

This technical review is presented in the following format:

The regulation will be cited as underlined with text in *italics* and my comment in **bold preceded by a Capital Letter**. The citation for the Hamilton Township Ordinance will be in brackets [Chapter.subchapter] following the N.J.A.C. 7:8 citation.

### 7:8-5.2 Stormwater management measures for major development [158.3. (a) (1)]

(a) Stormwater management measures for major development shall be developed to meet the erosion control, groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quantity, and stormwater runoff quality standards at N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.4 and 5.5. To the maximum extent practicable, these standards shall be met by incorporating nonstructural stormwater management strategies at N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.3 into the design. If these measures alone are not sufficient to meet these standards, structural stormwater management measures at N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.7 necessary to meet these standards shall be incorporated into the design. (b) The development shall incorporate a maintenance plan under N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.8 for the stormwater management measures.

A. The developer has not demonstrated that the stormwater management measures meet the groundwater recharge, stormwater runoff quantity, or stormwater runoff quality standards at N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.4 and 5.5. The developer chose to show compliance with the nonstructural stormwater strategies component of the Rule by utilizing the NJDEP's Nonstructural Stormwater Strategies Point System (NSPS). However, this development does not pass a properly completed NSPS. Additionally, the Maintenance Plan submitted for the project is incomplete. Therefore, this portion of the Rule and Ordinance has not been met.

### 7:8-5.3 Nonstructural stormwater management strategies [158-4. (e)]

(a) To the maximum extent practicable, the standards in N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.4 and 5.5 shall be met by incorporating nonstructural stormwater management strategies at N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.3 into the design. The persons submitting an application for review shall identify the nonstructural strategies incorporated into the design of the project. If the applicant contends that it is not feasible for engineering, environmental, or safety reasons to incorporate any nonstructural stormwater

management strategies identified in (b) below into the design of a particular project, the applicant shall identify the strategy and provide a basis for the contention.

B. The developer submitted the NJDEP's Nonstructural Stormwater Strategies Point System Spreadsheet Analysis (NSPS) in an attempt to demonstrate that the project would use nonstructural stormwater strategies "to the maximum extent practicable" as required by the Rule and the Ordinance. This submission indicated that the site easily garnered enough points to pass the NSPS. To demonstrate sufficiency, the project needed to maintain 95% of the existing site points after development; it achieved 107% based on the applicant's input data.

However, the developer's spreadsheet made the following flawed assumptions:

- 1. The NSPS indicates that there are no Hydrologic Soil Group (HSG) "B" soils on this site. There are actually 3.67 acres of HSG B Sassafras soils on the site based on the NRCS Web Soil Survey and the applicant's Stormwater Management Report.
- 2. The spreadsheet assigns HSG "D" status to 38.7 acres of the site. This characterization is correct for 10.4 acres of the stream corridor and wetlands that are classified as Alluvial soils. However, with the exception of the HSG "B" soils mentioned above, the remainder of the site is classified as Othello (drained<sup>1</sup>), Mattapex and Dragston, all of which are HSG "C".
- 3. The Engineer's Report describes the existing agricultural areas of the site as "Meadow". However, the developer assigned a land cover of "Row Crop" in the NSPS.

The effect of misclassifying the site soils and land cover as explained in paragraphs 1 through 3 above is that the existing site points are greatly underestimated. Thus, the development would require fewer post-development points in order to pass the NSPS.

I have run the NSPS using input data that corrects these flawed assumptions and have included the revised spreadsheets as Attachment A. When the NSPS is run with the corrected assumptions, the applicant achieves only 81% of the existing point total and fails to pass the NSPS by 14 percentage points. Therefore, the applicant has <u>NOT</u> demonstrated that nonstructural stormwater strategies have been used to the maximum extent practicable as required by the Rule and the Ordinance.

### 7:8-5.4 Erosion control, groundwater recharge and runoff quantity standards [158-4. (f)]

*(a)* 2. *The minimum design and performance standards for groundwater recharge are as follows:* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation Test Pit 22 indicates seepage at 2' below grade due to tile drain.

*i.* The design engineer shall, using the assumptions and factors for stormwater runoff and groundwater recharge calculations at N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.6, either:

(1) Demonstrate through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis that the site and its stormwater management measures maintain 100 percent of the average annual pre- construction groundwater recharge volume for the site;

C. The applicant has run the NJDEP's Annual Groundwater Recharge Analysis Spreadsheet for this development. This Analysis indicates that there will be an annual groundwater recharge deficit of 113,395 cubic feet per year with this development. The developer is not proposing infiltration facilities to accomplish the groundwater recharge required by this portion of the Rule or Ordinance.

However, a developer may also demonstrate compliance with the groundwater recharge requirement using the following methodology:

(2) Demonstrate through hydrologic and hydraulic analysis that the increase of stormwater runoff volume from pre-construction to post-construction for the two-year storm is infiltrated.

D. The hydrologic calculations in the developer's stormwater report indicate that the increase in runoff volume that occurs with this development for the two-year storm event will not be infiltrated. The runoff volumes for the 2 year storm event are presented in Table 1 below.

## <u>TABLE 1</u> RUNOFF VOLUMES FROM 2 YEAR STORM EVENT

	Existing Runoff	Post Development Runoff
Phase 1	70,944 cf	157,633 cf
Phases 1 and 2	97,114 cf	239,923 cf

These calculations are derived from the engineer's Stormwater Management Report. For the Phase 1 development, the runoff volume is 2.2 times the existing runoff volume. In the case of full build-out, the runoff volume is 2.5 times the existing runoff volume. Thus the difference in runoff between the existing and post-developed condition for the two-year storm event will not be infiltrated<sup>2</sup>.

E. Concerning the groundwater recharge requirement, the Engineer's Report states,

Soil testing on site has revealed that the permeability rates for the soils mapped on site vary significantly from the properties described in the USDA Soil Report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> My revised hydrological analysis (described below in paragraph L) indicates even larger increases in runoff volumes for the two year storm event: Phase 1 runoff volume would be 3.22 times the existing runoff and full build-out runoff volume would be 3.33 times the existing runoff.

High clay content is present in all these soils and permeability is poor to none. These conditions make infiltration unsupportable and run counter to the assumptions on which the analysis is based. Therefore, no calculations are provided for post-developed recharge.

Additionally, the Geotechnical Report states that infiltration facilities may be inappropriate based on the shallow depth to mottling in many of the test pits as well as the presence of clayey soils. The applicant did not perform permeability tests to verify this and the Township did not request that they be done.

The stormwater regulations permit variances or exemptions from this design standard provided that a mitigation plan is included in the Township's Stormwater Management Plan. According to the Rule:

N.J.A.C. 7:8-4.2(c)11 In order to grant a variance or exemption from the design and performance standards in N.J.A.C. 7:8-5, include a mitigation plan that identifies what measures are necessary to offset the deficit created by granting the variance or exemption. The mitigation plan shall ensure that mitigation is completed within the drainage area and for the performance standard for which the variance or exemption was granted

# Hamilton Township <u>does</u> have a mitigation plan. However, the Township approved this development project without requiring mitigation measures from the developer to offset the project's non-compliance with this portion of the Rule.

(*a*) 3 *iii*. Design stormwater management measures so that the post-construction peak runoff rates for the two, 10 and 100-year storm events are 50, 75 and 80 percent, respectively, of the pre-construction peak runoff rates.

F. The developer's hydrologic analysis concludes that this project will meet the required peak flow reductions for both Phase 1 and the full build-out of the site. However, as discussed below in sections H through K, the analysis was based on several design assumptions that were not consistent with the Rule or the Ordinance. I have performed a revised hydrologic analysis that is discussed in section L below. This analysis indicates that the peak flow reductions will not be met with the build-out of Phases 1 and 2.

### 7:8-5.5 Stormwater runoff quality standards [158-4. (g)]

Stormwater management measures shall be designed to reduce the post-construction load of total suspended solids (TSS) in stormwater runoff generated from the water quality design storm by 80 percent of the anticipated load from the developed site, expressed as an annual average. Stormwater management measures shall only be required for water quality control if an additional one-quarter acre of impervious surface is being proposed on a development site. The requirement to reduce TSS does not apply to any stormwater runoff in a discharge regulated under a numeric effluent limitation for TSS imposed under the New Jersey Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NJPDES) rules, N.J.A.C. 7:14A, or in a discharge specifically exempt under a NJPDES permit

from this requirement. The water quality design storm is 1.25 inches of rainfall in two hours. Water quality calculations shall take into account the distribution of rain from the water quality design storm, as reflected in Table 1 below. The calculation of the volume of runoff may take into account the implementation of non-structural and structural stormwater management measures.

# G. Chapter 9.11 of the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual (referenced in N.J.A.C. 7:8) shows a range of 50-90 percent TSS removal for a Wet Pond:

The adopted TSS removal rate for wet ponds is 50 to 90 percent depending on the permanent pool storage volume in the pond and, where extended detention is also provided, the duration of detention time provided in the pond.

The engineer's report states that an 80% TSS removal rate is achieved for each of the wet basins. This conclusion is based on a ratio of water quality storm volume to permanent pool volume that exceeds 3.0 for each basin. However, no water quality storm calculations are included in the report nor are the basin volume calculations presented in the report. This information is required to verify that the calculations were properly performed. Absent this documentation, it cannot be concluded with certainty that an 80% TSS removal rate will be met with this development.

7:8-5.6 Calculation of stormwater runoff and groundwater recharge [158–5. (a)]

(a) Stormwater runoff shall be calculated in accordance with the following:

3. In computing pre-construction stormwater runoff, the design engineer shall account for all significant land features and structures, such as ponds, wetlands, depressions, hedgerows, or culverts, that may reduce pre-construction stormwater runoff rates and volumes.

H. The hydrological calculations performed by the developer indicate that approximately .23 acres of indigenous woods on the eastern side of the site were modeled as pasture in the existing condition. This error would overestimate the existing runoff volumes and peak flows and could result in less peak flow reduction than is required by the Rule and the Ordinance.

I. The Stormwater Management Report states that the existing agricultural areas of the site are classified as "Meadow". However, the hydrological analysis uses Runoff Curve Numbers (RCN) associated with "Pasture, grassland or range" instead. Since the RCNs for Pasture are greater than those for Meadow, this error overestimates the existing runoff volumes and peak flows. This could result in less peak flow reduction than is required by the Rule and the Ordinance.

4. In computing stormwater runoff from all design storms, the design engineer shall consider the relative stormwater runoff rates and/or volumes of pervious and impervious surfaces separately to accurately compute the rates and volume of stormwater runoff from the site.

J. The engineer did not route the pervious and impervious areas separately as

required by the Rule and the Ordinance. This error has the effect of underestimating the peak flows in the post-developed condition and would result in less peak flow reduction than is required by the Rule and the Ordinance.

7:8-5.7 Standards for structural stormwater management measures [158-6. (a)]

(a) Standards for structural stormwater management measures are as follows:

1. Structural stormwater management measures shall be designed to take into account the existing site conditions, including, for example, environmentally critical areas; wetlands; flood-prone areas; slopes; depth to seasonal high water table; soil type, permeability and texture; drainage area and drainage patterns; and the presence of solution-prone carbonate rocks.

K. The hydrologic calculations consider the entire portion of the site west of the north-south tributary to be HSG "C" soils. However, the NRCS Web Soil Survey and the soil map submitted with the Stormwater Report indicate that there are approximately .8 acres of Sassafras (HSG "B") soils in this area (more than half of this area is proposed to be covered with impervious surfaces in Phase 2). This error overestimates the runoff volumes and peak flows in the existing condition. The Web Soil Survey map and associated soil area summary are included as Attachment B.

L. In order to quantify the effect of the inappropriate assumptions noted in sections H through K, I have performed a hydrological analysis for this development that corrects these assumptions. The Analysis was performed using HydroCAD 9.0 and is included as Attachment C. The analysis indicates that the Phase 1 portion of the development will meet the required peak flow reductions, however with the full build out of both Phases 1 and 2, the peak flow reductions will not be met for the 2, 10 and 100-year storms. The revised peak flows are illustrated in Table 2.

<u>TABLE 2</u>
RUNOFF CALCULATIONS FOR PHASES 1 AND 2

	2 Yr Storm	10 Yr Storm	100 Yr Storm
Existing Runoff (cfs)	6.2	15.77	38.25
Reduction Percentage	50%	75%	80%
Target Discharge (cfs)	3.1	11.83	30.6
Proposed Basin Discharge (cfs)	3.92	12.04	35.31
Reduction Requirement Met	NO	NO	NO

7:8-5.8 Maintenance requirements [158-10. (b)]

(a) The design engineer shall prepare a maintenance plan for the stormwater management measures incorporated into the design of a major development.

(b) The maintenance plan shall contain specific preventative maintenance tasks and schedules; cost

estimates, including estimated cost of sediment, debris, or trash removal; and the name, address, and telephone number of the person or persons responsible for preventative and corrective maintenance (including replacement). Maintenance guidelines for stormwater management measures are available in the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual.

### M. The developer has submitted a Stormwater Management Facilities Maintenance Plan for this project. The plan does not provide sufficient maintenance instructions for the pervious pavement areas proposed for the site. The NJDEP BMP Manual Chapter 9.7 "Standards for Pervious Paving Systems" states:

The surface course of a porous paving system must be vacuum swept at least four times a year. This should be following by a high pressure hosing. All dislodged sediment and other particulate matter must be removed and properly disposed.

This maintenance measure is not included in the Maintenance Plan for the project. Chapter 8 of the BMP Manual, "Maintenance and Retrofit of Stormwater Management Measures" requires that the following items be placed in the stormwater management maintenance plan:

Maintenance, repair, and replacement instructions for specialized, proprietary, and nonstandard measure components, including manufacturers' product instructions and user manuals.

No maintenance instructions or user manuals have been included in the Plan for the aeration devices that will be installed in the wet ponds.

The Stormwater Maintenance Facilities Plan is incomplete due to the omission of these maintenance requirements.

### **Conclusions**

The proposed stormwater management system for Waterview Center is not in compliance with the New Jersey Stormwater Regulations or the Hamilton Township Stormwater Control Ordinance and has not been suitably designed based upon the following findings:

- An accurate Nonstructural Stormwater Strategies Point System spreadsheet analysis indicates this project has <u>not</u> demonstrated that nonstructural stormwater strategies will be used to the maximum extent practicable as required by N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.3 and Ordinance section 158-4. (e).
- The peak flow reductions of 50%, 75% and 80% for the 2, 10 and 100 year storms, respectively, have not been met for the full build-out of the project as required by N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.4 and Ordinance section 158-4. (f).
- This project has not met the groundwater recharge requirements of N.J.A.C.

7:8-5.4 and Ordinance section 158-4. (f). and no mitigation measures have been required by the Township.

- The engineer for this project did not submit calculations demonstrating that the basins will achieve the required TSS removal of 80% as required by N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.5 and Ordinance section 158-4. (g).
- The hydrological analysis did not accurately account for the existing land covers on the site. The analysis also did not route the pervious and impervious areas separately. Therefore, the plan does not meet N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.6 and Ordinance section 158-5. (a).
- The hydrological analysis did not accurately depict the existing soils on the site. Therefore, the plan does not meet N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.7 and Ordinance section 158-6. (a).
- The Stormwater Facilities Maintenance Plan is incomplete and therefore does not meet N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.8 and Ordinance section 158-10. (b).

Please feel free to contact me if you would like to discuss these issues.

Sincerely,

Margaret y. Onyder\_

Margaret Y. Snyder, P.E. Principal

### ATTACHMENT A

### Nonstructural Stormwater Strategies Point System

### Nonstructural Stormwater Strategies Point System Analysis

### Summary of Developer's Spreadsheet Data:

Figure A-1 presents the NSPS data input by the developer. There are a number of input values that conflict with the soil survey data, the plans and the stormwater report. These are:

### Existing Land Use/Land Cover Chart

- 1. There are no HSG B soils included on this chart. The stormwater report indicates that there are 2.87 acres of this soil group on the eastern portion of the site. The NRCS Web Soil Survey (WSS) indicates there are 0.8 acres of this soil group on the western portion of the site.
- 2. The HSG D soils on the site are seriously overestimated. According to the drainage area maps and the WSS, only the 10.4 acre stream corridor and its associated wetlands are HSG D. However, the developer has considered 38.7 acres of the site to be HSG D. The remainder of the site consists of the 3.7 acres of B soils mentioned above and an additional 11.5 acres HSG C soils. The soils on the NSPS should be re-classified as follows:

3.7 acres HSG B 36.1 acres HSG C 10.4 acres HSG D

3. The developer has considered the agricultural areas of the site to be row crop. This conflicts with the Engineer's Stormwater Report that identifies these areas as Meadow. These areas are input on the NSPS as 7.7 acres of HSG C and 23.5 acres of HSG D. These areas should be re-classified as meadow and the 23.5 acres of D soils should be changed to 23.5 acres of C soils; this would total 31.2 acres of HSG C Meadow. However, of these 31.2 acres, 3.7 acres should be removed and be re-classified as HSG B as stated in paragraph 1 above. The revised Meadow acreages would be as follows:

3.7 acres HSG B 27.5 acres HSG C

4. The developer has considered 4.8 acres of the indigenous woods on the site to be HSG D. These areas should be reclassified as HSG C. When added to the correctly designated 2.5 acres of C woods, this would result in a total of 7.3 acres of HSG C woods.

### Proposed Land Use/Land Cover Chart

In the proposed condition, the HSG areas need to be consistent with the pre-developed condition. The following input data is not consistent with the stormwater report, drainage area maps and WSS:

- 1. The Lawn and Open Space soil groups should be revised to reflect the following:
  - a. 0.2 acres of the HSG D stream corridor has been disturbed. This should be considered Open Space.
  - b. 9.5 acres of Open Space is located in HSG D. This area should be revised to 9.3 acres of HSG C Open Space (based on "a" above) and should be added to the developer's 4.0 acres of C Open Space. This provides for a preliminary total of 13.3 acres of HSG C Open Space.
  - c. 1.0 acres of this revised HSG C Open Space should be changed to HSG B Open Space. According to the stormwater report, 0.64 acres of this B area is located on the east side of the site. The additional 0.4 acres is located on the west side of the site and represents a conservative estimate of this land use/land cover based upon the WSS and the plans.
- 2. All of the Indigenous Woods of the site should be reclassified as HSG C. The total area would be 6.5 acres.
- 3. All of the Permeable Paving should be classified as HSG C. The total area would be 1.4 acres.
- 4. The impervious surfaces of the site should total 17.9 acres. Of this, there should be 2.7 acres of HSG B (3.7 acres existing 1.0 acres Open Space) and 15.2 acres of HSG C.

### Revised Spreadsheet Analysis

I have revised the NSPS to reflect all of the changes listed above. It is attached and labeled Figure A-2.

### <u>FIGURE A-1</u> NSPS Data Input by the Developer

NJDEP Nonstructural Strategies Points System (NSPS)								
Version:	January 31, 2006							
Note: Input Values in Yellow Cells Only								
Project:	Waterview Center							
Date:	December 22, 2009							
User:	Emerald Environmental Solutions							
Notes:	The following data was input by ACT Engineers on April 4, 20 in order to show compliance with N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.3	06 and submitted	to Hamilton Town	nship				
<u>Step 1 - P</u>	rovide Basic Major Development Site Information							
A. Specify T	fotal Area in Acres of Development Site Described in Steps	2 and 3 =	[	50.2	Acres			
B. Specify b	by Percent the Various Planning Areas Located within the D	evelopment Site	ə:					
	State Plan Planning Area:	PA-1	PA-2	PA-3	PA-4	PA-4B	PA-5	Total % Area
	Percent of Each Planning Area within Site:		100.0%					100.0%
	Note: See User's Guide for Equivalent Zones within E	Designated Cent	ers and the NJ N	leadowlands, Pi	nelands, and H	ighlands Districts		

#### Step 2 - Describe Existing or Pre-Developed Site Conditions

#### A. Specify Existing Land Use/Land Cover Descriptions and Areas:

		Specify Land U	se/Land Cover i	n Acres for Each	n HSG			
Site						Use/Cover		
Segment	Land Use/Land Cover Description	HSG A	HSG B	HSG C	HSG D	Subtotals	_	Points
4	Matterials and the disturbed Otropper Duffers			1.2	40.4	44 7	7	70
1	Wetlands and Undisturbed Stream Buffers			1.3	10.4	11.7		79
2	Lawn and Open Space					0.0	_	0
3	Brush and Shrub					0.0		0
4	Meadow, Pasture, Grassland, or Range					0.0		0
5	Row Crop			7.7	23.5	31.2		96
6	Small Grain and Legumes					0.0		0
7	Woods - Indigenous			2.5	4.8	7.3		40
8	Woods - Planted					0.0		0
9	Woods and Grass Combination					0.0		0
10	Ponds, Lakes, and Other Open Water					0.0		0
11	Gravel and Dirt					0.0		0
12	Porous and Permeable Paving					0.0		0
13	Directly Connected Impervious					0.0		0
14	Unconnected Impervious with Small D/S Pervious					0.0		0
15	Unconnected Impervious with Large D/S Pervious					0.0		0
	HSG Subtotals (Acres):	0.0	0.0	11.5	38.7	1	Total Area:	50.2
						1		100.0%
	HSG Subtotals (%):	0.0%	0.0%	22.9%	77.1%	J	Total % Area:	1

#### Specify Land Use/Land Cover in Acres for Each HSG

Points Subtotal:

215

Total Existing Site Points:



#### Step 3 - Describe Proposed or Post-Developed Site Conditions

#### A. Specify Proposed Land Use/Land Cover Descriptions and Areas:

		Specify Land U	Ise/Land Cover i	n Acres for Eacl	h HSG			
Site						Use/Cover		
Segment	Land Use/Land Cover Description	HSG A	HSG B	HSG C	HSG D	Subtotals	_	Points
1	Wetlands and Undisturbed Stream Buffers			0.7	10.2	10.9	-	73
2	Lawn and Open Space			4.0	9.5	13.5		53
2	Brush and Shrub			4.0	3.5	0.0		0
4	Meadow, Pasture, Grassland, or Range					0.0	-	0
5	Row Crop					0.0		0
6	Small Grain and Legumes					0.0		0
7	Woods - Indigenous			2.3	4.2	6.5		36
8	Woods - Planted					0.0		0
9	Woods and Grass Combination					0.0		0
10	Ponds, Lakes, and Other Open Water					0.0		0
11	Gravel and Dirt					0.0		0
12	Porous and Permeable Paving			0.5	0.9	1.4		6
13	Directly Connected Impervious			4.0	13.9	17.9		0
14	Unconnected Impervious with Small D/S Pervious					0.0		0
15	Unconnected Impervious with Large D/S Pervious					0.0		0
	HSG Subtotals (Acres):	0.0	0.0	11.5	38.7	1	Total Area:	50.2
	HSG Subtotals (%):	0.0%	0.0%	22.9%	77.1%		Total % Area:	100.0%

Specify Land Use/Land Cover in Acres for Each HSG

Points Subtotal:

167

#### B. Compare Proposed Impervious Coverage with Maximum Allowable Impervious Coverage:

Total Unconne Total Unconne Total Site Impe Effective Site I	Connected Impervious Coverage = Cted Impervious Coverage with Small D/S Pervious = Cted Impervious Coverage with Large D/S Pervious = rvious Coverage = mpervious Coverage =	36% 0% 0% 36% 36%	% of Site % of Site % of Site % of Site % of Site		
Specify Source	of Maximum Allowable Impervious Coverage:	Table	(None or Table)		
	Impervious Cover from Maximum Impervious Cover Table: imum Impervious Cover Table Worksheet for Details	85%		Points Subtotal:	22
C. Compare Proposed Site	Disturbance with Maximum Allowable Site Disturbance:				
	Site Disturbance = vable Site Disturbance by Municipal Ordinance =		% of Site % of Site	Points Subtotal:	0
D. Describe Proposed Rune	off Conveyance System:				
Length of Vege	Runoff Conveyance System = tated Runoff Conveyance System = off Conveyance System That is Vegetated =	14456 6875 48%	Feet Feet		
				Points Subtotal:	37
E. Residential Lot Clusterin	g:				
Minimum Stan Maximum Prop	Il Site Area that will be Clustered = dard Lot Size as Per Zoning (Note: 1/2 Acre or Greater) = losed Cluster Lot Size (Note:1/4 Acre or Less) = stered Portion of Site to be Preserved as Vegetated Open Space =		% of Site Acres Acres % of Clustered Site Portion		

Points Subtotal: 0

#### F. Will the Following be Utilized to Minimize Soil Compaction?

Proposed Lawn Areas will be Graded with Lightweight Constr Percent of Proposed Lawn Areas to be Graded with Such Equ		Yes 29%	(Yes or No) % of Lawn Areas		
				Points Subtotal:	6
G. Are Any of the Following Stormwater Management Standards Met Us	sing Only Nonstructural Strategies	and Measures	s?		
Groundwater Recharge Standards (NJAC 7:8-5.4-a-2): Stormwater Runoff Quality Standards (NJAC 7:8-5.5): Stormwater Runoff Quantity Standards (NJAC 7:8-5.4-a-3):		No No No	(Yes or No) (Yes or No) (Yes or No)		
			. ,	Points Subtotal:	0
Note: If the Answers to All Three Questions at G Above ar	e "Yes", Adequate Nonstructural N	Measures have	been Utilized.		
			Total Propos	ed Site Points:	231
		Ratio	o of Proposed to Existi	ng Site Points:	107%
			Required Sit	e Points Ratio:	95%
Nonstructural Point System Results:	Propos	sed Nonstru	ctural Measures are Ad	lequate	

### <u>FIGURE A-2</u> Input Data Revised to Reflect Actual Site Conditions

NJDEP No	NJDEP Nonstructural Strategies Points System (NSPS)								
Version:	January 31, 2006								
Note: Input Values in Yellow Cells Only									
Project:	Waterview Center				1				
Date:	December 22, 2009	]							
User:	Emerald Environmental Solutions	]							
Notes:									
<u>Step 1 - P</u>	rovide Basic Major Development Site Information								
A. Specify 1	otal Area in Acres of Development Site Described in Steps	2 and 3 =	j	50.2	Acres				
B. Specify b	y Percent the Various Planning Areas Located within the D	evelopment Site	:						
	State Plan Planning Area:	PA-1	PA-2	PA-3	PA-4	PA-4B	PA-5	Total % Area	
	Percent of Each Planning Area within Site:		100.0%					100.0%	
	Note: See User's Guide for Equivalent Zones within I	Designated Cente	ers and the NJ N	leadowlands, Pi	inelands, and Hi	ghlands Districts	5		

#### Step 2 - Describe Existing or Pre-Developed Site Conditions

#### A. Specify Existing Land Use/Land Cover Descriptions and Areas:

		Specify Land U	se/Land Cover i	n Acres for Each	n HSG			
Site						Use/Cover		
Segment	Land Use/Land Cover Description	HSG A	HSG B	HSG C	HSG D	Subtotals	_	Points
4	Matterials and the disturbed Otropper Duffers			1.2	10.4	44 7	7	70
1	Wetlands and Undisturbed Stream Buffers			1.3	10.4	11.7	-	79
2	Lawn and Open Space					0.0		0
3	Brush and Shrub					0.0		0
4	Meadow, Pasture, Grassland, or Range		3.7	27.5		31.2		196
5	Row Crop					0.0		0
6	Small Grain and Legumes					0.0		0
7	Woods - Indigenous			7.3		7.3		47
8	Woods - Planted					0.0		0
9	Woods and Grass Combination					0.0		0
10	Ponds, Lakes, and Other Open Water					0.0		0
11	Gravel and Dirt					0.0		0
12	Porous and Permeable Paving					0.0		0
13	Directly Connected Impervious					0.0		0
14	Unconnected Impervious with Small D/S Pervious					0.0		0
15	Unconnected Impervious with Large D/S Pervious					0.0		0
	HSG Subtotals (Acres):	0.0	3.7	36.1	10.4	1	Total Area:	50.2
	HSG Subtotals (%):	0.0%	7.4%	71.9%	20.7%	]	Total % Area:	100.0%

Specify Land Use/Land Cover in Acres for Each HSG

Points Subtotal:

322

Total Existing Site Points:



#### Step 3 - Describe Proposed or Post-Developed Site Conditions

#### A. Specify Proposed Land Use/Land Cover Descriptions and Areas:

		Specify Land U	se/Land Cover in	n Acres for Each	n HSG			
Site						Use/Cover		
Segment	Land Use/Land Cover Description	HSG A	HSG B	HSG C	HSG D	Subtotals	_	Points
1	Wetlands and Undisturbed Stream Buffers			0.7	10.2	10.9	٦	73
2	Lawn and Open Space		1.0	12.3	0.2	13.5		64
3	Brush and Shrub				0.1	0.0		0
4	Meadow, Pasture, Grassland, or Range					0.0		0
5	Row Crop					0.0		0
6	Small Grain and Legumes					0.0		0
7	Woods - Indigenous			6.5		6.5		42
8	Woods - Planted					0.0		0
9	Woods and Grass Combination					0.0		0
10	Ponds, Lakes, and Other Open Water					0.0		0
11	Gravel and Dirt					0.0		0
12	Porous and Permeable Paving			1.4		1.4		6
13	Directly Connected Impervious		2.7	15.2		17.9		0
14	Unconnected Impervious with Small D/S Pervious					0.0		0
15	Unconnected Impervious with Large D/S Pervious					0.0		0
	HSG Subtotals (Acres):	0.0	3.7	36.1	10.4	]	Total Area:	50.2
	HSG Subtotals (%):	0.0%	7.4%	71.9%	20.7%		Total % Area:	100.0%

Specify Land Use/Land Cover in Acres for Each HSG

Points Subtotal:

185

#### B. Compare Proposed Impervious Coverage with Maximum Allowable Impervious Coverage:

Total Directly Connected Impervious Coverage = Total Unconnected Impervious Coverage with Small D/S Total Unconnected Impervious Coverage with Large D/S Total Site Impervious Coverage = Effective Site Impervious Coverage = Specify Source of Maximum Allowable Impervious Cover Allowable Site Impervious Cover from Maximum Impervio	Pervious = 00 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36	%       % of Site         %       of Site         %       % of Site         %       % of Site         %       % of Site         (None or Table)	
Note: See Maximum Impervious Cover Table Worksheet	for Details		Points Subtotal: 26
C. Compare Proposed Site Disturbance with Maximum Allowable S	Site Disturbance:		
Total Proposed Site Disturbance = Maximum Allowable Site Disturbance by Municipal Ordin	ance =	% of Site % of Site	Points Subtotal: 0
D. Describe Proposed Runoff Conveyance System:			
Total Length of Runoff Conveyance System = Length of Vegetated Runoff Conveyance System = % of Total Runoff Conveyance System That is Vegetated	= 144 68 48	75 Feet	
			Points Subtotal: 43
E. Residential Lot Clustering:			
Percent of Total Site Area that will be Clustered = Minimum Standard Lot Size as Per Zoning (Note: 1/2 Acr Maximum Proposed Cluster Lot Size (Note:1/4 Acre or L Percent of Clustered Portion of Site to be Preserved as N	ess) =	% of Site Acres Acres % of Clustered Site Portion	

Points Subtotal: 0

#### F. Will the Following be Utilized to Minimize Soil Compaction?

Proposed Lawn Areas will be Graded with Lightweight Construction Equipr Percent of Proposed Lawn Areas to be Graded with Such Equipment:	nent: Yes (Yes or No) 29% % of Lawn Areas	
	Points Subtotal:	7
G. Are Any of the Following Stormwater Management Standards Met Using Only No	onstructural Strategies and Measures?	
Groundwater Recharge Standards (NJAC 7:8-5.4-a-2): Stormwater Runoff Quality Standards (NJAC 7:8-5.5): Stormwater Runoff Quantity Standards (NJAC 7:8-5.4-a-3):	No         (Yes or No)           No         (Yes or No)           No         (Yes or No)	
	Points Subtotal:	)
Note: If the Answers to All Three Questions at G Above are "Yes", Ade	equate Nonstructural Measures have been Utilized.	
	Total Proposed Site Points: 26	61
	Ratio of Proposed to Existing Site Points: 81	%
	Required Site Points Ratio: 95	%

Nonstructural Point System Results:

Further Review of Proposed Nonstructural Measures is Necessary

### ATTACHMENT B

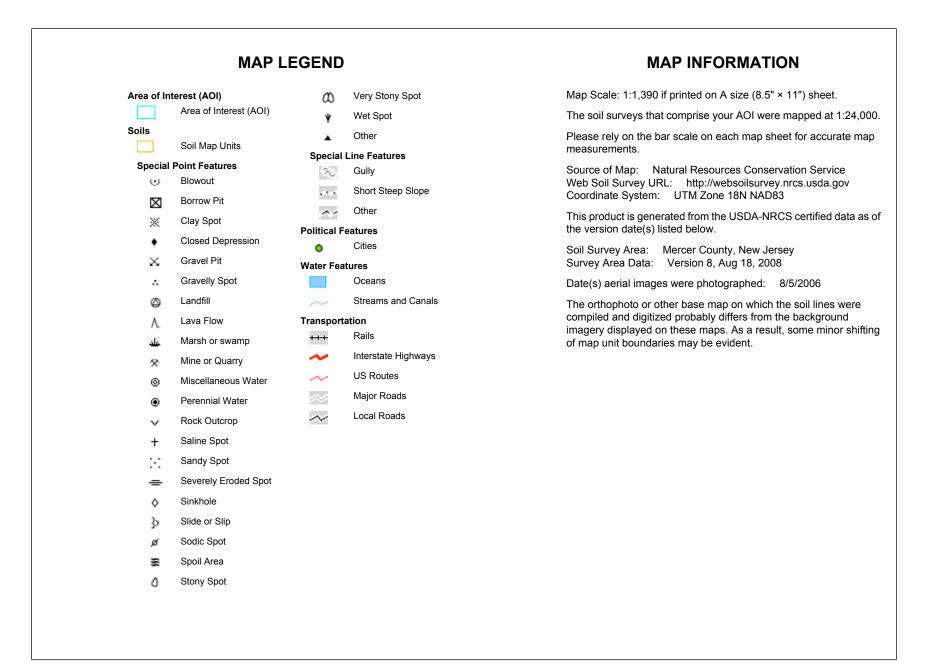
### NRCS WEB SOIL SURVEY MAP AND AREA CALCULATIONS



Soil Map—Mercer County, New Jersey

8/16/2009 Page 1 of 3

Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey



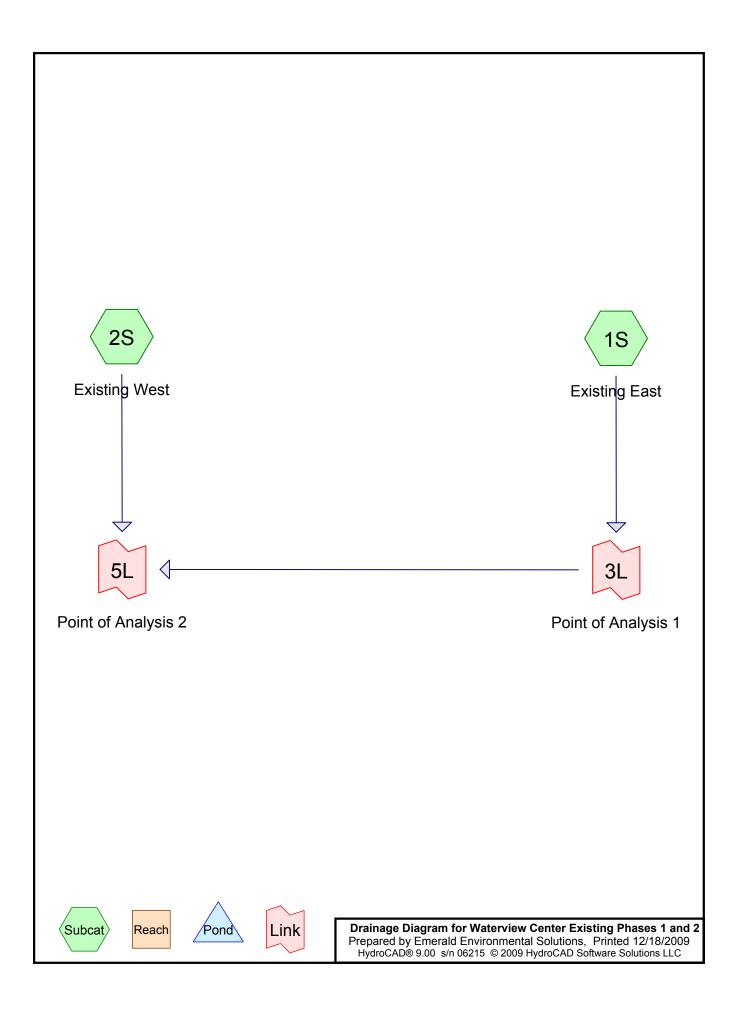


### Map Unit Legend

Mercer County, New Jersey (NJ021)						
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI			
FmhAt	Fluvaquents, loamy, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded	0.1	3.8%			
МВҮВ	Mattapex and Bertie loams, 0 to 5 percent slopes	2.2	66.6%			
OthA	Othello silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	0.2	5.2%			
SacB	Sassafras sandy loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	0.8	24.4%			
Totals for Area of Intere	st	3.3	100.0%			

### ATTACHMENT C

Hydrological Analysis



### Area Listing (all nodes)

mbers)
1S, 2S)
S)
1S, 2S)

Line#	Node Number	Notes
1	1S	Grassy areas revised to Meadow from Pasture.
2		Land cover is revised to reflect 0.23 acres in Woods
3	2S	Grassy areas revised to Meadow from Pasture.
4		Revised to reflect HSG B soils; soil maps indicate 0.8 acres; 0.4 acres input to be conservative.
5	5L	The full site should be modelled with a Reach for Edge's Brook. POA 1 would be routed to Edge's Brook; Edge's Brook would be routed to POA 2. This would result in smaller peak flows in the existing condition. However, since an accurate representation for Edge's Brook was not available, this link has been removed. The resulting peak flows are conservative.

### Notes Listing (all nodes)

Waterview Center Existing Phases 1 and 2 Type III 24-hr 2 Year Storm Rainfall=3.30" Prepared by Emerald Environmental Solutions Printed 12/18/2009 HydroCAD® 9.00 s/n 06215 © 2009 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 4 Time span=5.00-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 301 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva Reach routing by Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method Runoff Area=19.330 ac 4.45% Impervious Runoff Depth>0.76" Subcatchment 1S: Existing East Tc=57.2 min CN=70 Runoff=4.44 cfs 1.229 af Runoff Area=6.060 ac 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>0.78" Subcatchment 2S: Existing West Tc=31.5 min CN=70 Runoff=2.04 cfs 0.396 af Inflow=4.44 cfs 1.229 af Link 3L: Point of Analysis 1 Primary=4.44 cfs 1.229 af Inflow=6.20 cfs 1.625 af Link 5L: Point of Analysis 2 Primary=6.20 cfs 1.625 af

> Total Runoff Area = 25.390 ac Runoff Volume = 1.625 af Average Runoff Depth = 0.77" 96.61% Pervious = 24.530 ac 3.39% Impervious = 0.860 ac

### Summary for Subcatchment 1S: Existing East

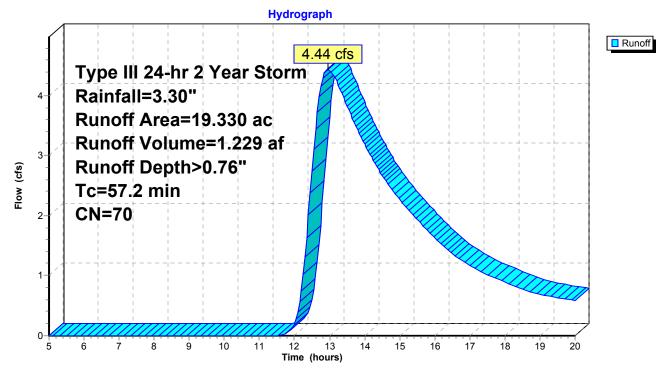
Grassy areas revised to Meadow from Pasture. Land cover is revised to reflect 0.23 acres in Woods

Runoff = 4.44 cfs @ 12.96 hrs, Volume= 1.229 af, Depth> 0.76"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 Year Storm Rainfall=3.30"

	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	ription		
*	2.	870	58	HSG	B Meado	N	
*	15.	370	71	HSG	C Meado	w	
*	0.	230	70	HSG	C Woods		
*	0.	860	98	Impe	rvious		
	19.	330	70	Weig	hted Aver	age	
	18.	18.470 95.55% Pervious Area				us Area	
	0.	0.860 4.45% Impervious Area			% Impervie	ous Area	
	Тс	Leng		Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(fee	et)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	57.2						Direct Entry, CN East
							-

### Subcatchment 1S: Existing East



### Summary for Subcatchment 2S: Existing West

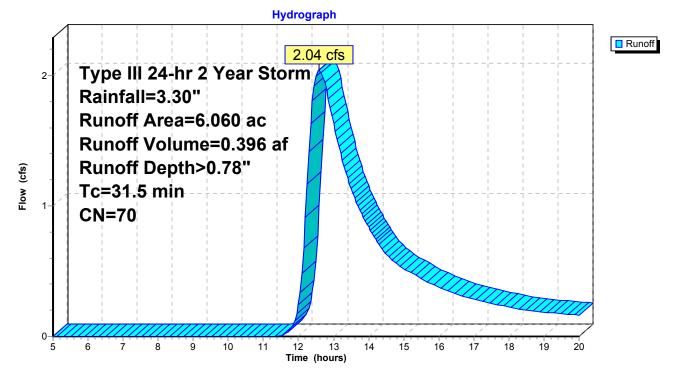
Grassy areas revised to Meadow from Pasture. Revised to reflect HSG B soils; soil maps indicate 0.8 acres; 0.4 acres input to be conservative.

Runoff = 2.04 cfs @ 12.60 hrs, Volume= 0.396 af, Depth> 0.78"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 Year Storm Rainfall=3.30"

	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription		
*	5.	660	71	HSG	C Meado	W	
*	0.	400	58	HSG	B Meado	w	
		060	70		ghted Aver		
	6.	060		100.	00% Pervi	ous Area	
	Tc (min)	Leng (fee		Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	31.5						Direct Entry, Direct Entry

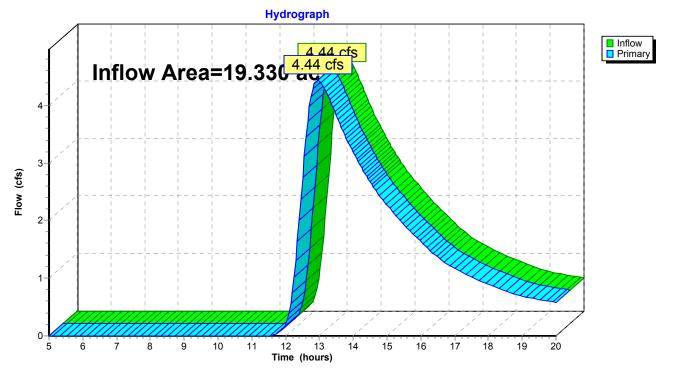
### Subcatchment 2S: Existing West



### Summary for Link 3L: Point of Analysis 1

Inflow Area =	19.330 ac,	4.45% Impervious, Inflow De	epth > 0.76"	for 2 Year Storm event
Inflow =	4.44 cfs @	12.96 hrs, Volume=	1.229 af	
Primary =	4.44 cfs @	12.96 hrs, Volume=	1.229 af, Atte	en= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs



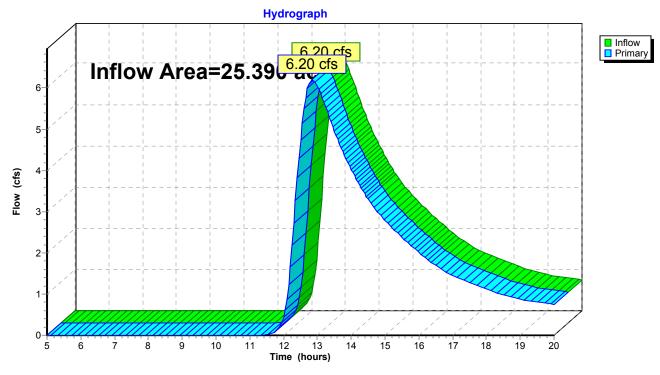
### Link 3L: Point of Analysis 1

### Summary for Link 5L: Point of Analysis 2

The full site should be modelled with a Reach for Edge's Brook. POA 1 would be routed to Edge's Brook; Edge's Brook would be routed to POA 2. This would result in smaller peak flows in the existing condition. However, since an accurate representation for Edge's Brook was not available, this link has been removed. The resulting peak flows are conservative.

Inflow Area =	25.390 ac,	3.39% Impervious, Inflow D	Depth > 0.77"	for 2 Year Storm event
Inflow =	6.20 cfs @	12.85 hrs, Volume=	1.625 af	
Primary =	6.20 cfs @	12.85 hrs, Volume=	1.625 af, Atte	en= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs



### Link 5L: Point of Analysis 2

Waterview Center Existing Phases Prepared by Emerald Environmental Solution HydroCAD® 9.00 s/n 06215 © 2009 HydroCAD	utions Printed 12/18/2009
Runoff by SCS	-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 301 points S TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method
Subcatchment1S: Existing East	Runoff Area=19.330 ac 4.45% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.80" Tc=57.2 min CN=70 Runoff=11.34 cfs 2.900 af
Subcatchment 2S: Existing West	Runoff Area=6.060 ac 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.84" Tc=31.5 min CN=70 Runoff=5.18 cfs 0.929 af
Link 3L: Point of Analysis 1	Inflow=11.34 cfs 2.900 af Primary=11.34 cfs 2.900 af
Link 5L: Point of Analysis 2	Inflow=15.77 cfs 3.828 af Primary=15.77 cfs 3.828 af
	nc Runoff Volume = 3.828 af Average Runoff Depth = 1.81" 96.61% Pervious = 24.530 ac 3.39% Impervious = 0.860 ac

#### Summary for Subcatchment 1S: Existing East

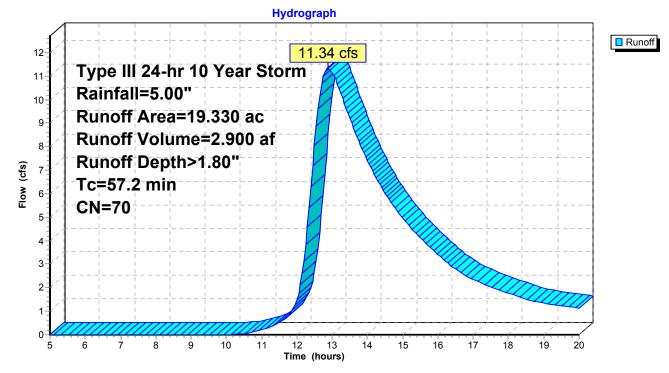
Grassy areas revised to Meadow from Pasture. Land cover is revised to reflect 0.23 acres in Woods

Runoff = 11.34 cfs @ 12.87 hrs, Volume= 2.900 af, Depth> 1.80"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Storm Rainfall=5.00"

	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	ription		
*	2.	870	58	HSG	B Meado	w	
*	15.	370	71	HSG	C Meado	w	
*	0.	230	70	HSG	C Woods		
*	0.	860	98	Impe	rvious		
	19.	330	70	Weig	hted Aver	age	
	18.	470		95.5	5% Pervio	us Area	
	0.	860		4.45	% Impervi	ous Area	
	Тс	Leng		Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(fee	et)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	57.2						Direct Entry, CN East

# Subcatchment 1S: Existing East



# Summary for Subcatchment 2S: Existing West

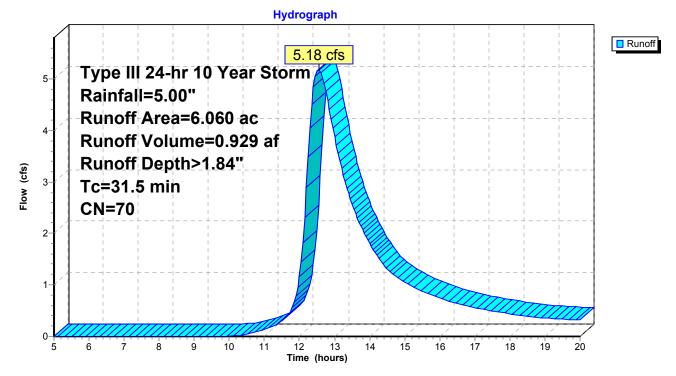
Grassy areas revised to Meadow from Pasture. Revised to reflect HSG B soils; soil maps indicate 0.8 acres; 0.4 acres input to be conservative.

Runoff = 5.18 cfs @ 12.55 hrs, Volume= 0.929 af, Depth> 1.84"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Storm Rainfall=5.00"

	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription		
*	5.	660	71	HSG	C Meado	W	
*	0.	400	58	HSG	B Meado	w	
		6.060 70 Weighted Average 6.060 100.00% Pervious Area					
	0.	0.000 100.00% Feivious Alea				ous Alea	
	Тс	Leng		Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
	(min)	(fee	et)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	31.5						Direct Entry, Direct Entry

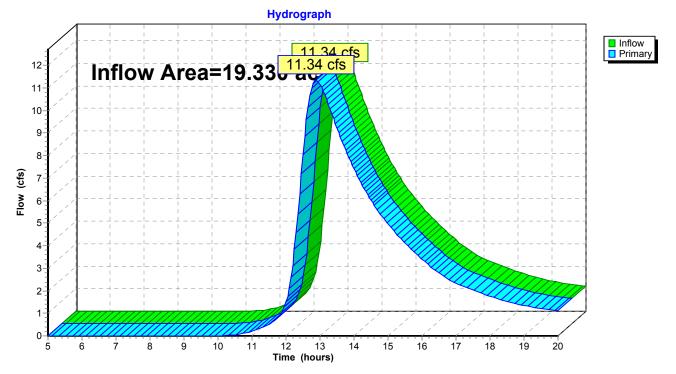
# Subcatchment 2S: Existing West



# Summary for Link 3L: Point of Analysis 1

Inflow Area	a =	19.330 ac,	4.45% Impervious, Inflow De	epth > 1.80" for 10 Year Storm event
Inflow	=	11.34 cfs @	12.87 hrs, Volume=	2.900 af
Primary	=	11.34 cfs @	12.87 hrs, Volume=	2.900 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs



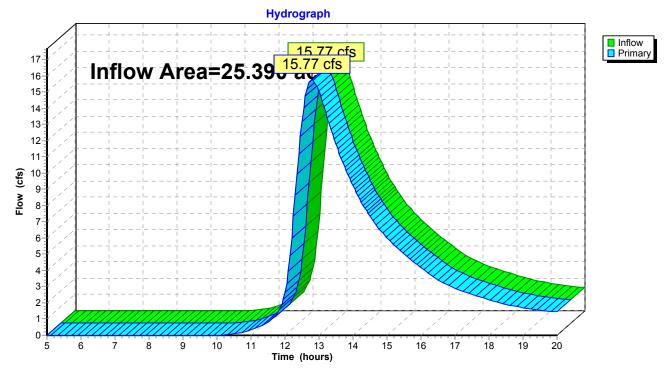
# Link 3L: Point of Analysis 1

# Summary for Link 5L: Point of Analysis 2

The full site should be modelled with a Reach for Edge's Brook. POA 1 would be routed to Edge's Brook; Edge's Brook would be routed to POA 2. This would result in smaller peak flows in the existing condition. However, since an accurate representation for Edge's Brook was not available, this link has been removed. The resulting peak flows are conservative.

Inflow Area =	25.390 ac,	3.39% Impervious, Inflo	w Depth > 1.81"	for 10 Year Storm event
Inflow =	15.77 cfs @	12.79 hrs, Volume=	3.828 af	
Primary =	15.77 cfs @	12.79 hrs, Volume=	3.828 af, Att	en= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs



# Link 5L: Point of Analysis 2

Waterview Center Existing Phases 1 and 2 Type III 24-hr 100 Year Storm Rainfall=8.30" Prepared by Emerald Environmental Solutions Printed 12/18/2009 HydroCAD® 9.00 s/n 06215 © 2009 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 14 Time span=5.00-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 301 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva Reach routing by Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method Runoff Area=19.330 ac 4.45% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.26" Subcatchment 1S: Existing East Tc=57.2 min CN=70 Runoff=27.58 cfs 6.865 af Runoff Area=6.060 ac 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.34" Subcatchment 2S: Existing West Tc=31.5 min CN=70 Runoff=12.45 cfs 2.191 af Inflow=27.58 cfs 6.865 af Link 3L: Point of Analysis 1 Primary=27.58 cfs 6.865 af Inflow=38.25 cfs 9.056 af Link 5L: Point of Analysis 2 Primary=38.25 cfs 9.056 af Total Runoff Area = 25.390 ac Runoff Volume = 9.056 af Average Runoff Depth = 4.28"

96.61% Pervious = 24.530 ac

3.39% Impervious = 0.860 ac

### Summary for Subcatchment 1S: Existing East

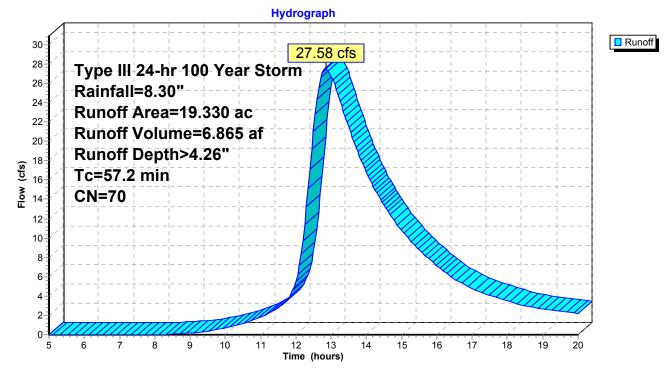
Grassy areas revised to Meadow from Pasture. Land cover is revised to reflect 0.23 acres in Woods

Runoff = 27.58 cfs @ 12.85 hrs, Volume= 6.865 af, Depth> 4.26"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Storm Rainfall=8.30"

	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription		
*	2.	870	58	HSG	B Meado	w	
*	15.	370	71	HSG	C Meado	w	
*	0.	230	70	HSG	C Woods		
*	0.	860	98	Impe	ervious		
	-	19.330 70 Weighted Average					
	-	8.470         95.55% Pervious Area           0.860         4.45% Impervious Area					
	0.				/•		
	Тс	Leng	th :	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(fee	et)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	57.2						Direct Entry, CN East
							-

# Subcatchment 1S: Existing East



# Summary for Subcatchment 2S: Existing West

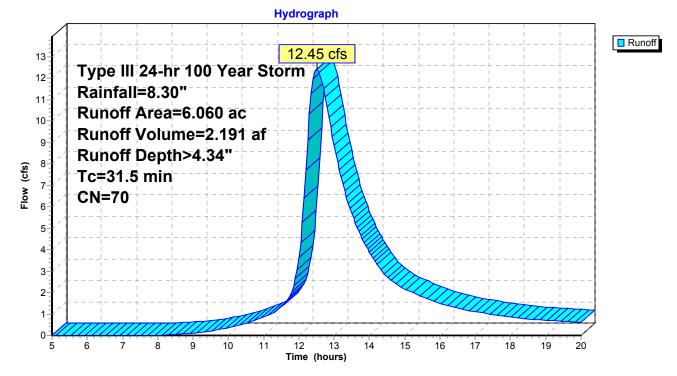
Grassy areas revised to Meadow from Pasture. Revised to reflect HSG B soils; soil maps indicate 0.8 acres; 0.4 acres input to be conservative.

Runoff = 12.45 cfs @ 12.51 hrs, Volume= 2.191 af, Depth> 4.34"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Storm Rainfall=8.30"

Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription		
5.	660	71	HSG	C Meado	W	
0.	400	58	HSG	B Meado	N	
6.	060	70	Weig	phted Aver	age	
6.	6.060 100.00% Pervious Area					
Тс				Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(fee	et)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
31.5						Direct Entry, Direct Entry
	5. 0. 6. 6. Tc (min)	(min) (fee	5.660 71 0.400 58 6.060 70 6.060 Tc Length (min) (feet)	5.660 71 HSG 0.400 58 HSG 6.060 70 Weig 6.060 100. Tc Length Slope (min) (feet) (ft/ft)	5.660 71 HSG C Meador 0.400 58 HSG B Meador 6.060 70 Weighted Aver 6.060 100.00% Pervis Tc Length Slope Velocity (min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec)	5.66071HSG C Meadow0.40058HSG B Meadow6.06070Weighted Average6.060100.00% Pervious AreaTcLengthSlopeVelocityCapacity(min)(feet)(ft/ft)

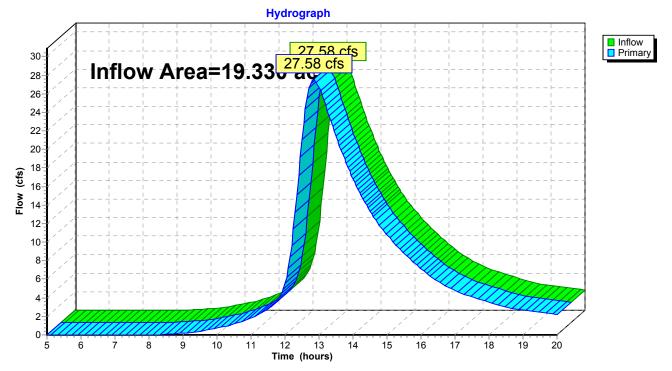
# Subcatchment 2S: Existing West



# Summary for Link 3L: Point of Analysis 1

Inflow Are	a =	19.330 ac,	4.45% Impervious, Inflow D	epth > 4.26" fo	r 100 Year Storm event
Inflow	=	27.58 cfs @	12.85 hrs, Volume=	6.865 af	
Primary	=	27.58 cfs @	12.85 hrs, Volume=	6.865 af, Atten=	0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs



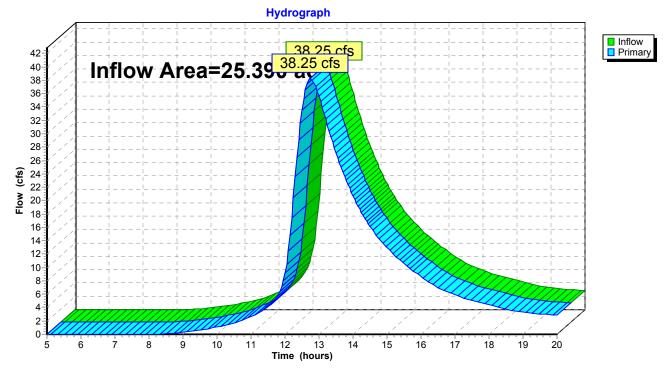
# Link 3L: Point of Analysis 1

# Summary for Link 5L: Point of Analysis 2

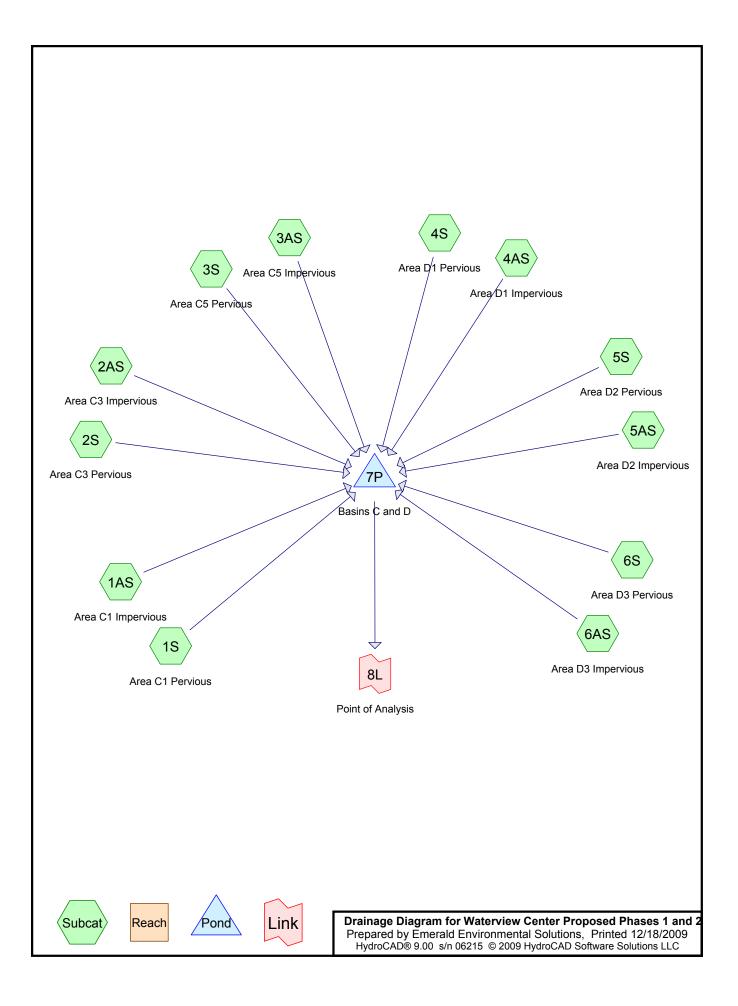
The full site should be modelled with a Reach for Edge's Brook. POA 1 would be routed to Edge's Brook; Edge's Brook would be routed to POA 2. This would result in smaller peak flows in the existing condition. However, since an accurate representation for Edge's Brook was not available, this link has been removed. The resulting peak flows are conservative.

Inflow Area	a =	25.390 ac,	3.39% Impervious, Inflow D	Depth > 4.28" for 100 Year Storm event
Inflow	=	38.25 cfs @	12.74 hrs, Volume=	9.056 af
Primary	=	38.25 cfs @	12.74 hrs, Volume=	9.056 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs



# Link 5L: Point of Analysis 2



# Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description
(acres)		(subcatchment-numbers)
0.220	70	Woods HSG C (1S)
0.900	79	Open Space HSG B (1S, 4S)
6.320	86	Open Space HSG C (1S, 2S, 3S, 5S, 6S)
17.940	98	Impervious (1AS, 2AS, 3AS, 4AS, 5AS, 6AS)
25.380		TOTAL AREA

_	Line#	Node Number	Notes
	1	1S	Curve number revised to reflect .22 acres of Woods rather than Open Space
	2	4S	Open Space appears to be located in HSG C soils. Assume HSG B soils to be conservative.
	3	7P	The available storage in the basins was derived from the Pond Report submitted by the developer.
	4		The outlet structure data was derived from the developer's stormwater report.

## Notes Listing (all nodes)

Waterview Center Proposed Phases 1 and 2 Type III 24-hr 2 year storm Rainfall=3.30" Prepared by Emerald Environmental Solutions Printed 12/18/2009 HydroCAD® 9.00 s/n 06215 © 2009 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 4 Time span=0.00-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 401 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva Reach routing by Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method Runoff Area=4.120 ac 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>2.92" Subcatchment 1AS: Area C1 Impervious Tc=10.0 min CN=98 Runoff=8.81 cfs 1.001 af Runoff Area=4.120 ac 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.64" Subcatchment 1S: Area C1 Pervious Tc=10.0 min CN=84 Runoff=5.54 cfs 0.563 af Runoff Area=3.300 ac 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>2.92" Subcatchment 2AS: Area C3 Impervious Tc=10.0 min CN=98 Runoff=7.06 cfs 0.802 af Runoff Area=0.600 ac 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.79" Subcatchment 2S: Area C3 Pervious Tc=10.0 min CN=86 Runoff=0.88 cfs 0.089 af Runoff Area=5.730 ac 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>2.92" Subcatchment 3AS: Area C5 Impervious Tc=10.0 min CN=98 Runoff=12.25 cfs 1.392 af Runoff Area=1.450 ac 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.79" Subcatchment 3S: Area C5 Pervious Tc=10.0 min CN=86 Runoff=2.13 cfs 0.216 af Runoff Area=1.250 ac 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>2.92" Subcatchment 4AS: Area D1 Impervious Tc=10.0 min CN=98 Runoff=2.67 cfs 0.304 af Runoff Area=0.260 ac 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.30" Subcatchment 4S: Area D1 Pervious Tc=10.0 min CN=79 Runoff=0.27 cfs 0.028 af Runoff Area=2.120 ac 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>2.92" Subcatchment 5AS: Area D2 Impervious Tc=10.0 min CN=98 Runoff=4.53 cfs 0.515 af Runoff Area=0.610 ac 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.79" Subcatchment 5S: Area D2 Pervious Tc=10.0 min CN=86 Runoff=0.90 cfs 0.091 af Runoff Area=1.420 ac 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>2.92" Subcatchment 6AS: Area D3 Impervious Tc=10.0 min CN=98 Runoff=3.04 cfs 0.345 af Runoff Area=0.400 ac 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>1.79" Subcatchment 6S: Area D3 Pervious Tc=10.0 min CN=86 Runoff=0.59 cfs 0.060 af Peak Elev=50.22' Storage=169,392 cf Inflow=48.65 cfs 5.406 af Pond 7P: Basins C and D Outflow=3.92 cfs 2.028 af Inflow=3.92 cfs 2.028 af Link 8L: Point of Analysis Primary=3.92 cfs 2.028 af

> Total Runoff Area = 25.380 ac Runoff Volume = 5.406 af Average Runoff Depth = 2.56" 29.31% Pervious = 7.440 ac 70.69% Impervious = 17.940 ac

#### Summary for Subcatchment 1AS: Area C1 Impervious

Runoff = 8.81 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 1.001 af, Depth> 2.92"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 year storm Rainfall=3.30"

7 8

5 6

10

Time (hours)

9

11

12 13 14 15

16 17 18

19

20

2-

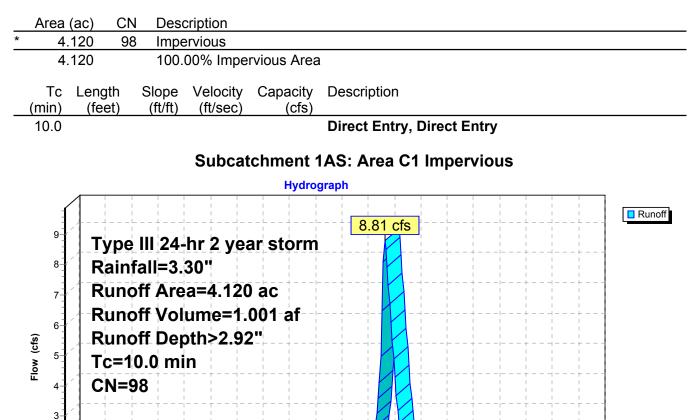
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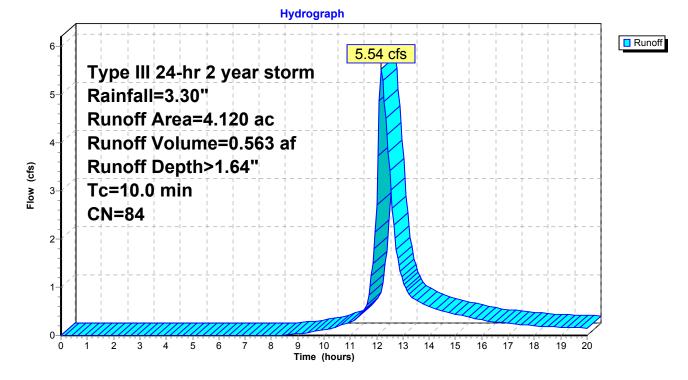


#### Summary for Subcatchment 1S: Area C1 Pervious

Curve number revised to reflect .22 acres of Woods rather than Open Space

Runoff=5.54 cfs @12.17 hrs, Volume=0.563 af, Depth> 1.64"Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 year storm Rainfall=3.30" $\frac{Area (ac)  CN  Description}{24.120  79  Open Space HSG B}$ *0.640  79  Open Space HSG B*3.260  86  Open Space HSG C*0.220  70  Woods HSG C4.120  84  Weighted Average 4.120  100.00\% Pervious AreaTcLengthSlopeVelocityCapacityDescription(min)(feet)(ft/ft)(ft/sec)(cfs)	10.0						Direct Entry, Direct Entry
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs         Type III 24-hr 2 year storm Rainfall=3.30"         Area (ac)       CN       Description         *       0.640       79       Open Space HSG B         *       3.260       86       Open Space HSG C         *       0.220       70       Woods HSG C         4.120       84       Weighted Average		•			,		Description
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 year storm Rainfall=3.30" <u>Area (ac) CN Description</u> * 0.640 79 Open Space HSG B * 3.260 86 Open Space HSG C		-	84				
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs         Type III 24-hr 2 year storm Rainfall=3.30"         Area (ac)       CN       Description         *       0.640       79       Open Space HSG B	J.4						
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 year storm Rainfall=3.30"	-						
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs	Area (	(ac)	CN	Descri	ption		
Runoff = 5.54 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 0.563 af, Depth> 1.64"	,				,	,	Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
	Runoff	=	5	.54 cfs (	@ 12.1	7 hrs, Volu	ume= 0.563 af, Depth> 1.64"

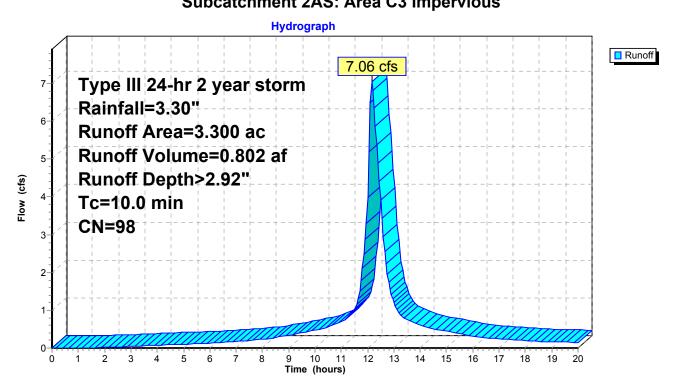
#### Subcatchment 1S: Area C1 Pervious



### Summary for Subcatchment 2AS: Area C3 Impervious

Runoff 7.06 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.802 af, Depth> 2.92" =

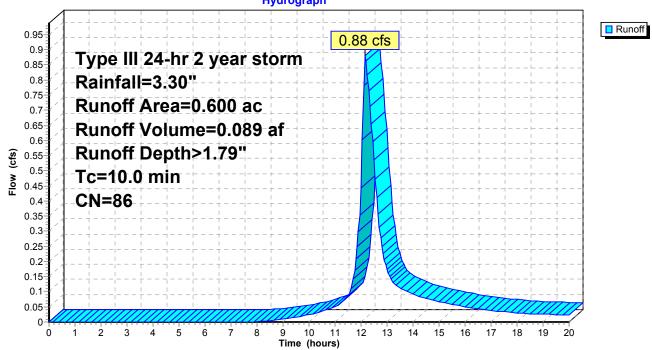
	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription					
*	3.	300	98	Impe	ervious					
	3.	300		100.	00% Impe	rvious Area				
	Тс	Lengt	th	Slope	Velocity		Description			
	(min)	(fee	et)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	10.0	Direct Entry, Direct Entry								
	Subcatchment 2AS: Area C3 Impervious									



### Summary for Subcatchment 2S: Area C3 Pervious

Runoff 0.88 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 0.089 af, Depth> 1.79" =

	Area	(ac) C	N Des	scription				
*	0.	600 8	36 Ope	en Space H	SG C			
	0.	600	100	.00% Pervi	ous Area			
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)		Capacity (cfs)	Description		
_	10.0					Direct Entry, Direct Entry		
	Subcatchment 2S: Area C3 Pervious							
					Hydro	graph		



#### Summary for Subcatchment 3AS: Area C5 Impervious

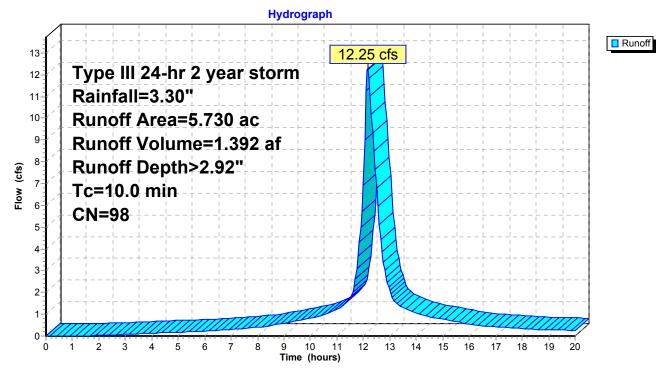
Page 9

Runoff 12.25 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 1.392 af, Depth> 2.92" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 year storm Rainfall=3.30"

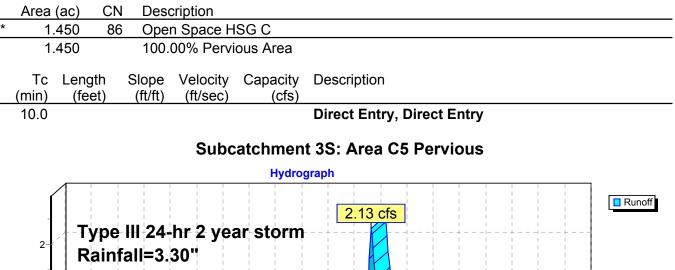
	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription		
*	5.	730	98	Impe	ervious		
	5.	730		100.	00% Impe	rvious Area	
	Tc (min)	Leng (fee		Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	10.0	•			· · ·	\$ E	Direct Entry, Direct Entry

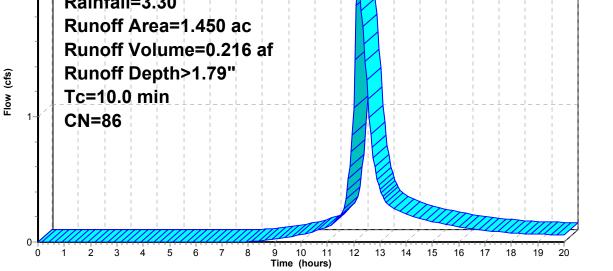
# Subcatchment 3AS: Area C5 Impervious



#### Summary for Subcatchment 3S: Area C5 Pervious

Runoff = 2.13 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 0.216 af, Depth> 1.79"





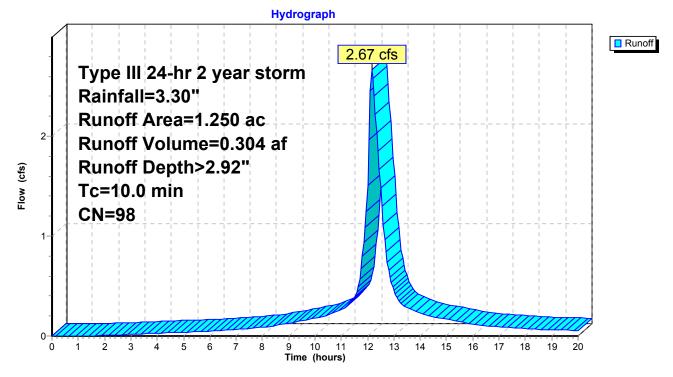
## Summary for Subcatchment 4AS: Area D1 Impervious

Runoff = 2.67 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.304 af, Depth> 2.92"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 year storm Rainfall=3.30"

	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription		
*	1.	250	98	Impe	ervious		
	1.	250		100.	00% Impe	rvious Area	
	Tc (min)	Lengt (fee		Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	10.0	•			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	X/	Direct Entry, Direct Entry
					• •		

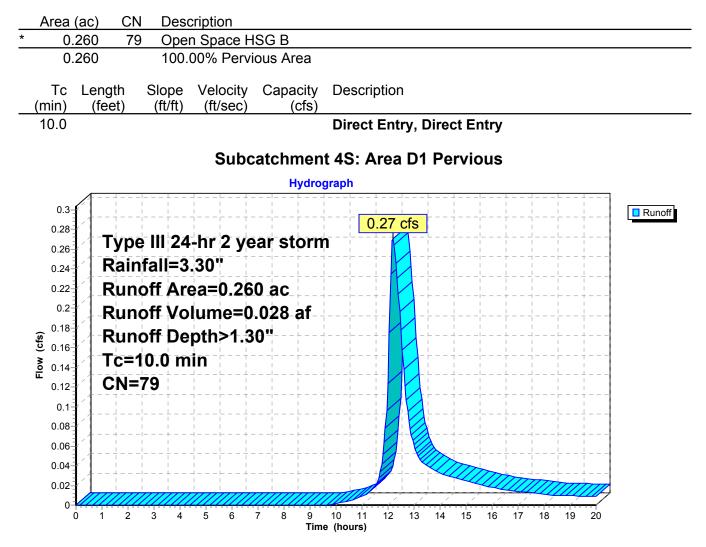
#### Subcatchment 4AS: Area D1 Impervious



#### Summary for Subcatchment 4S: Area D1 Pervious

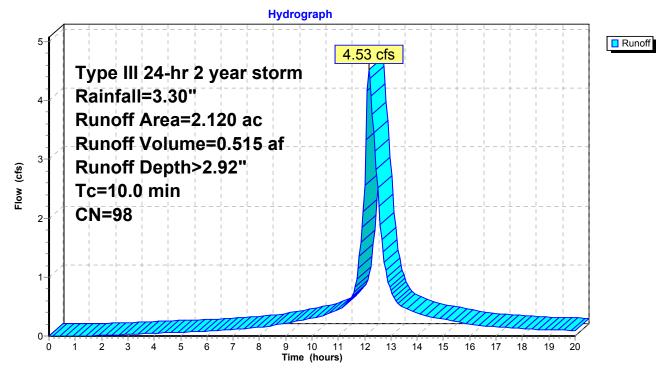
Open Space appears to be located in HSG C soils. Assume HSG B soils to be conservative.

Runoff	=	0.27 cfs @	12.18 hrs, Vo	olume=	0.028 af, D	epth> 2	1.30"
Runoff by	SUCS TD	20 method	IH=Delmarva	Time Span= 0	$00_{-}20.00 \text{ hr}$	$0 = th_{0}$	05 hre



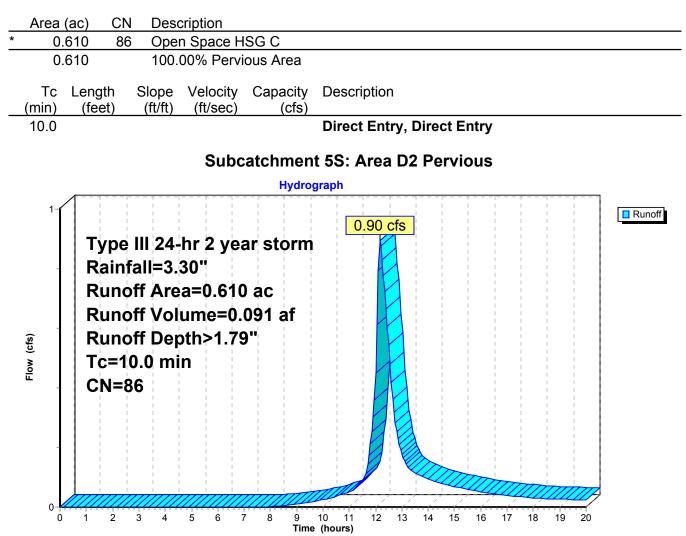
Runoff 4.53 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.515 af, Depth> 2.92" =

	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription					
*	2.	.120	98	Impe	ervious					
	2.	2.120 100.00% Impervious Area			00% Impe	rvious Area				
	Tc (min)	Leng (fee		Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
	10.0		Direct Entry, Direct Entry							
	Subcatchment 5AS: Area D2 Impervious									



#### Summary for Subcatchment 5S: Area D2 Pervious

Runoff = 0.90 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 0.091 af, Depth> 1.79"

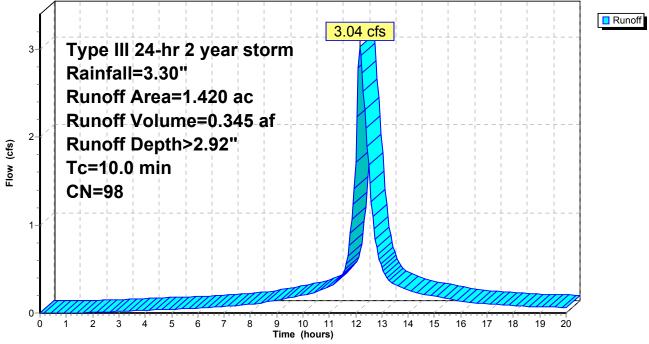


### Summary for Subcatchment 6AS: Area D3 Impervious

Page 15

Runoff 3.04 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.345 af, Depth> 2.92" =

_	Area	(ac)	CN	Des	cription		
*	1.	.420	98	Impe	ervious		
	1.	.420		100.	00% Impe	rvious Area	а
	Tc (min)	Lengt (fee		Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	10.0						Direct Entry, Direct Entry
					Subcat	tchment 6	6AS: Area D3 Impervious
	ĺ						

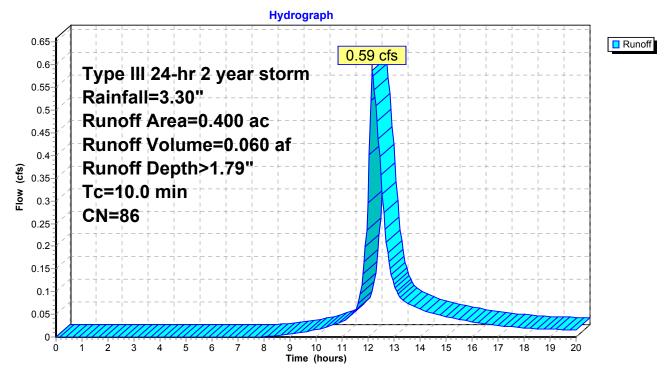


### Summary for Subcatchment 6S: Area D3 Pervious

Page 16

Runoff 0.59 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 0.060 af, Depth> 1.79" =

	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription					
*	0.	400	86	Oper	n Space H	SG C				
	0.	400		100.	00% Pervi	ous Area				
	Tc (min)	Lengt (fee		Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
	10.0		Direct Entry, Direct Entry							
	Subcatchment 6S: Area D3 Pervious									



### Summary for Pond 7P: Basins C and D

The available storage in the basins was derived from the Pond Report submitted by the developer. The outlet structure data was derived from the developer's stormwater report.

Inflow Area =	25.380 ac, 70.69% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 2.56" for 2 year storm eve	nt
Inflow =	48.65 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 5.406 af	
Outflow =	3.92 cfs @ 14.29 hrs, Volume= 2.028 af, Atten= 92%, Lag= 127.4	min
Primary =	3.92 cfs @ 14.29 hrs, Volume= 2.028 af	

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 50.22' @ 14.29 hrs Surf.Area= 0 sf Storage= 169,392 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 324.1 min calculated for 2.023 af (37% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 198.0 min (946.7 - 748.7)

Volume	Inve	rt Avail.Stor	rage Storage Description
#1	49.20	D' 510,36	6 cf Custom Stage DataListed below
Elevatio (fee		um.Store ubic-feet)	
49.2	20	0	
50.0		132,098	
50.2	-	166,073	
50.3		183,793	
51.0 52.0		314,791 510,366	
52.0	0	510,500	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	42.07'	48.0" Round Culvert
			L= 63.0' RCP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Outlet Invert= 42.00' S= 0.0011 '/' Cc= 0.900
#2	Device 1	49.20'	n= 0.011 Concrete pipe, straight & clean <b>4.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600
#2	Device 1	49.92'	<b>3.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir</b> 2 End Contraction(s)
#4	Device 1	51.26'	16.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)
#5	Primary	42.90'	30.0" Round Culvert
	-		L= 112.0' RCP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Outlet Invert= 42.00' S= 0.0080 '/' Cc= 0.900
#0	Davias 5	40.00	n= 0.015 Concrete sewer w/manholes & inlets
#6 #7	Device 5 Device 5	49.20' 49.92'	<b>4.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600
#7 #8	Device 5 Device 5	49.92 51.26'	3.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s) 16.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)
<i>#</i> 0		51.20	is is ing sharp-orested rectangular went z the contraction(s)

## Waterview Center Proposed Phases 1 and 2

Prepared by Emerald Environmental Solutions HydroCAD® 9.00 s/n 06215 © 2009 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Type III 24-hr 2 year storm Rainfall=3.30" Printed 12/18/2009

Primary OutFlow Max=3.92 cfs @ 14.29 hrs HW=50.22' (Free Discharge) **1=Culvert** (Passes 1.96 cfs of 150.04 cfs potential flow) -2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.39 cfs @ 4.44 fps)

-3=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 1.57 cfs @ 1.79 fps)

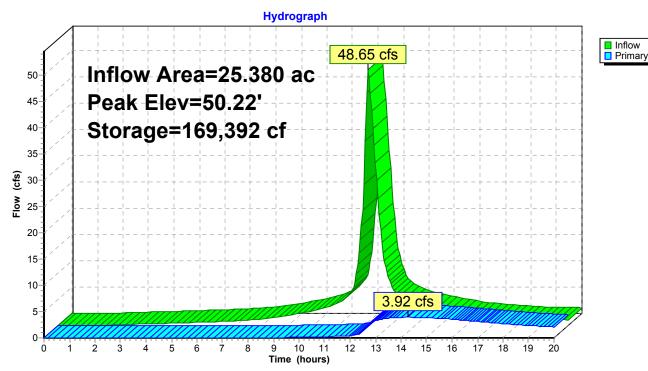
-4=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

**5=Culvert** (Passes 1.96 cfs of 55.51 cfs potential flow)

-6=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.39 cfs @ 4.44 fps)

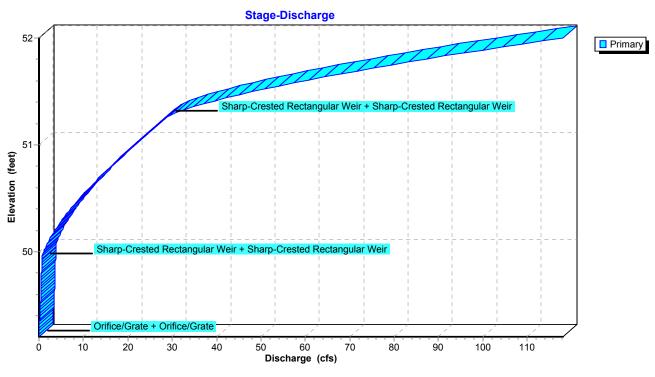
-7=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 1.57 cfs @ 1.79 fps)

-8=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)



Pond 7P: Basins C and D

Prepared by Emerald Environmental Solutions HydroCAD® 9.00 s/n 06215 © 2009 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

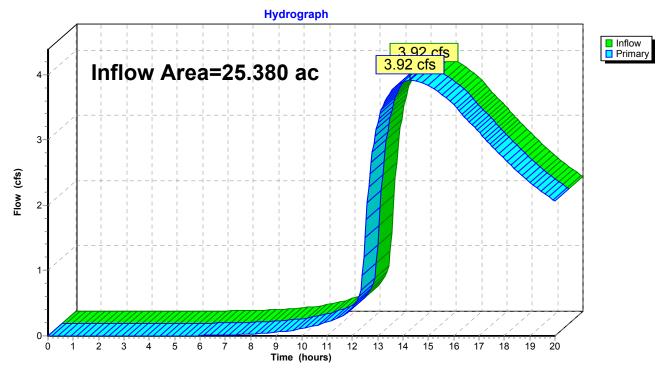


Pond 7P: Basins C and D

## Summary for Link 8L: Point of Analysis

Inflow Area	a =	25.380 ac, 70.69% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 0.96" for 2 year storm event
Inflow	=	3.92 cfs @ 14.29 hrs, Volume= 2.028 af
Primary	=	3.92 cfs @ 14.29 hrs, Volume= 2.028 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs



# Link 8L: Point of Analysis

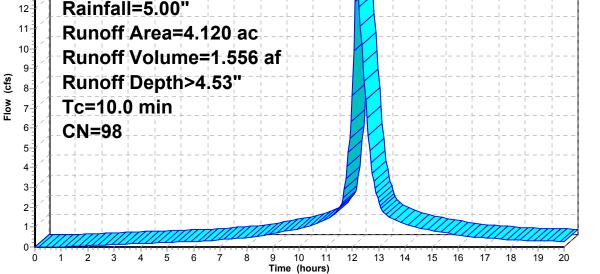
Waterview Center Proposed Phases Prepared by Emerald Environmental Sol HydroCAD® 9.00 s/n 06215 © 2009 HydroCAD	utions Printed 12/18/2009
Runoff by SC	-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 401 points S TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method
Subcatchment 1AS: Area C1 Impervious	Runoff Area=4.120 ac 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.53" Tc=10.0 min CN=98 Runoff=13.45 cfs 1.556 af
Subcatchment 1S: Area C1 Pervious	Runoff Area=4.120 ac 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.06" Tc=10.0 min CN=84 Runoff=10.29 cfs 1.051 af
Subcatchment 2AS: Area C3 Impervious	Runoff Area=3.300 ac 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.53" Tc=10.0 min CN=98 Runoff=10.77 cfs 1.247 af
Subcatchment 2S: Area C3 Pervious	Runoff Area=0.600 ac 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.25" Tc=10.0 min CN=86 Runoff=1.58 cfs 0.163 af
Subcatchment 3AS: Area C5 Impervious	Runoff Area=5.730 ac 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.53" Tc=10.0 min CN=98 Runoff=18.71 cfs 2.165 af
Subcatchment 3S: Area C5 Pervious	Runoff Area=1.450 ac 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.25" Tc=10.0 min CN=86 Runoff=3.82 cfs 0.393 af
Subcatchment 4AS: Area D1 Impervious	Runoff Area=1.250 ac 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.53" Tc=10.0 min CN=98 Runoff=4.08 cfs 0.472 af
Subcatchment 4S: Area D1 Pervious	Runoff Area=0.260 ac 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>2.60" Tc=10.0 min CN=79 Runoff=0.56 cfs 0.056 af
Subcatchment 5AS: Area D2 Impervious	Runoff Area=2.120 ac 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.53" Tc=10.0 min CN=98 Runoff=6.92 cfs 0.801 af
Subcatchment 5S: Area D2 Pervious	Runoff Area=0.610 ac 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.25" Tc=10.0 min CN=86 Runoff=1.61 cfs 0.165 af
Subcatchment 6AS: Area D3 Impervious	Runoff Area=1.420 ac 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.53" Tc=10.0 min CN=98 Runoff=4.64 cfs 0.536 af
Subcatchment 6S: Area D3 Pervious	Runoff Area=0.400 ac 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>3.25" Tc=10.0 min CN=86 Runoff=1.05 cfs 0.108 af
Pond 7P: Basins C and D	Peak Elev=50.63' Storage=244,831 cf Inflow=77.47 cfs 8.714 af Outflow=12.04 cfs 4.941 af
Link 8L: Point of Analysis	Inflow=12.04 cfs 4.941 af Primary=12.04 cfs 4.941 af
Total Dunoff Area - 25 200 a	a Runoff Volume = 9.714 of Average Runoff Denth = 4.12

Total Runoff Area = 25.380 acRunoff Volume = 8.714 afAverage Runoff Depth = 4.12"29.31% Pervious = 7.440 ac70.69% Impervious = 17.940 ac

# Summary for Subcatchment 1AS: Area C1 Impervious

Runoff = 13.45 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 1.556 af, Depth> 4.53"

Area (ac) CN Description							
* 4.120 98 Impervious							
4.120 100.00% Impervious Area							
Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity [ (min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)	Description						
10.0	Direct Entry, Direct Entry						
Subcatchment 1AS: Area C1 Impervious							
15	13.45 cfs						
13 Type III 24-hr 10 yr storm							
12 Rainfall=5.00"							
<sup>11</sup> Runoff $\Delta rea=4.120$ ac							



### Summary for Subcatchment 1S: Area C1 Pervious

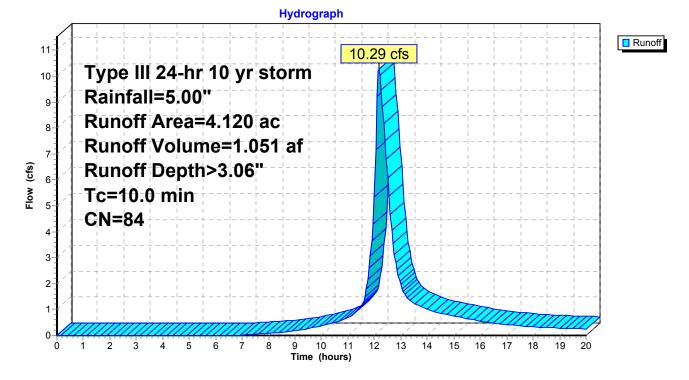
Curve number revised to reflect .22 acres of Woods rather than Open Space

Runoff	=	10.29 cfs @	12.17 hrs, Volume=	1.051 af, Depth> 3.06"
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Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr storm Rainfall=5.00"

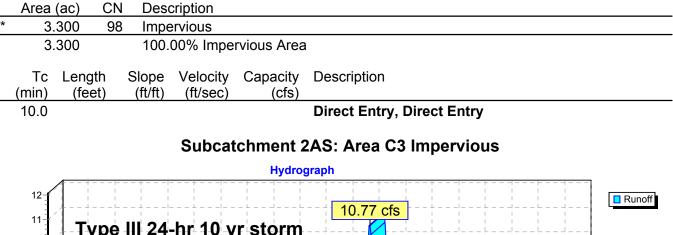
	Area	(ac)	CN	Description				
*	0.	640	79	Ope	n Space H	SG B		
*	3.	260	86	Ope	n Space H	SG C		
*	0.	220	70	Woo	ds HSG C			
		4.12084Weighted Average4.120100.00% Pervious Area						
	Tc (min)	Leng (fee		Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description	
_	10.0						Direct Entry, Direct Entry	

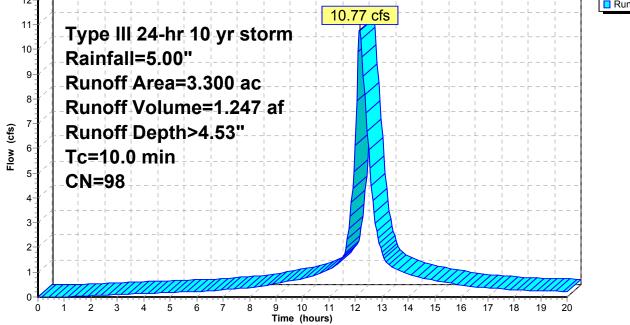
#### Subcatchment 1S: Area C1 Pervious



#### Summary for Subcatchment 2AS: Area C3 Impervious

Runoff = 10.77 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 1.247 af, Depth> 4.53"





Flow (cfs)

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Tc=10.0 min

**CN=86** 

#### Summary for Subcatchment 2S: Area C3 Pervious

Runoff = 1.58 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 0.163 af, Depth> 3.25"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr storm Rainfall=5.00"

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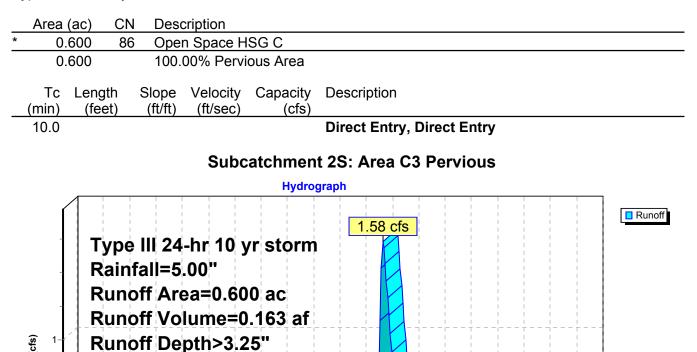
Time (hours)

11

12 13 14 15

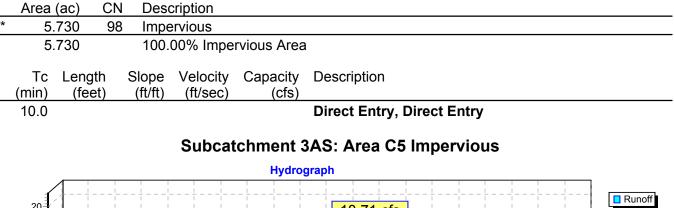
16 17 18 19

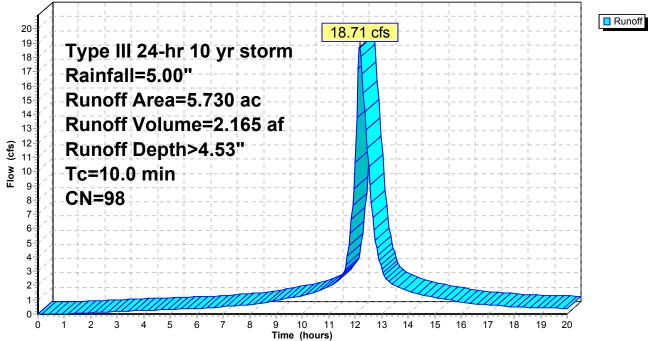
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#### Summary for Subcatchment 3AS: Area C5 Impervious

Runoff = 18.71 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 2.165 af, Depth> 4.53"

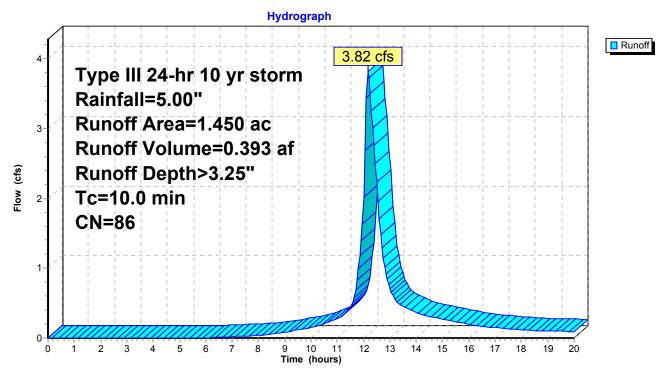




# Summary for Subcatchment 3S: Area C5 Pervious

Runoff = 3.82 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 0.393 af, Depth> 3.25"

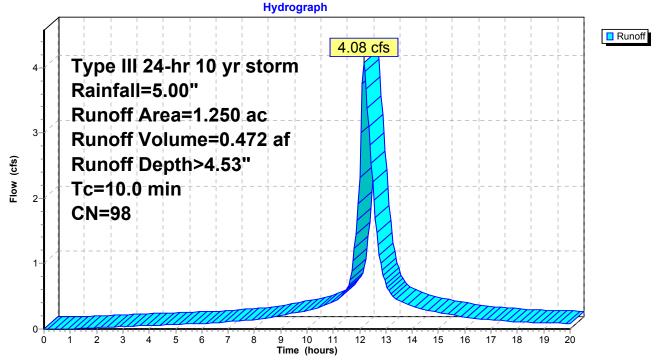
	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription					
*	1.	450	86	Oper	n Space H	SG C				
1.450			100.00% Pervious Area							
	Tc (min)	Lengt (fee		Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
	10.0						Direct Entry, Direct Entry			
	Subcatchment 3S: Area C5 Pervious									



# Summary for Subcatchment 4AS: Area D1 Impervious

Runoff = 4.08 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.472 af, Depth> 4.53"

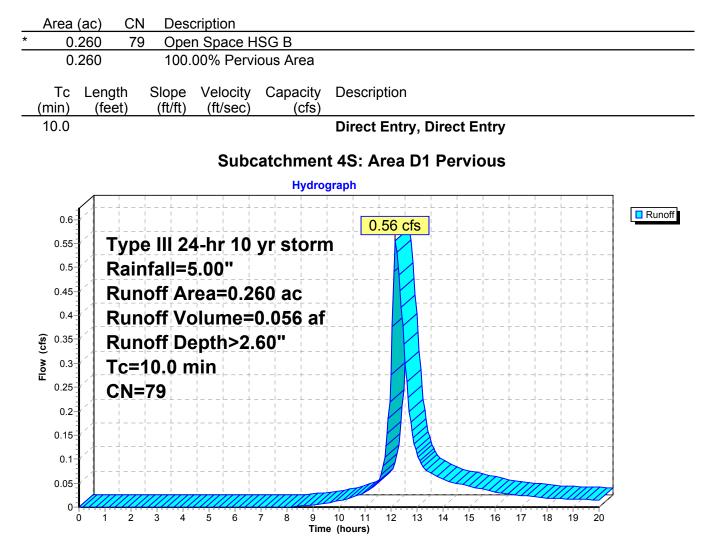
_	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription					
*	1.	250	98	Impe	ervious					
	1.250			100.00% Impervious Area						
	Tc (min)	Lengt (fee		Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
	10.0						Direct Entry, Direct Entry			
	Subcatchment 4AS: Area D1 Impervious									



# Summary for Subcatchment 4S: Area D1 Pervious

Open Space appears to be located in HSG C soils. Assume HSG B soils to be conservative.

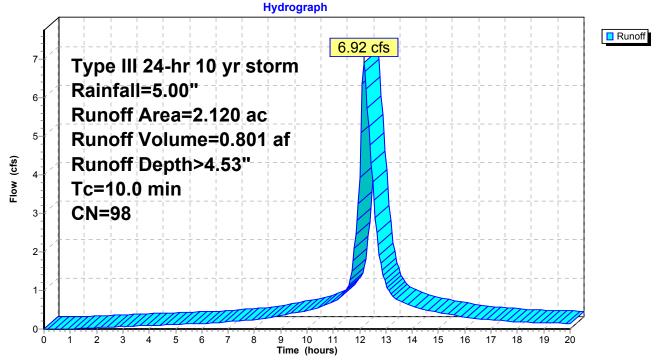
Runoff	=	0.56 cfs @	12.17 hrs, Volume=	0.056 af, Depth> 2.60"
Runon	-	0.50 CIS @	12.17 ms, volume=	0.056 al, Deptil> 2.60



# Summary for Subcatchment 5AS: Area D2 Impervious

Runoff = 6.92 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.801 af, Depth> 4.53"

	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription					
*	2.	120	98	Impe	ervious					
	2.120			100.00% Impervious Area						
_	Tc (min)	Lengt (feet		Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
	10.0						Direct Entry, Direct Entry			
	Subcatchment 5AS: Area D2 Impervious									



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## Summary for Subcatchment 5S: Area D2 Pervious

Runoff = 1.61 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 0.165 af, Depth> 3.25"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr storm Rainfall=5.00"

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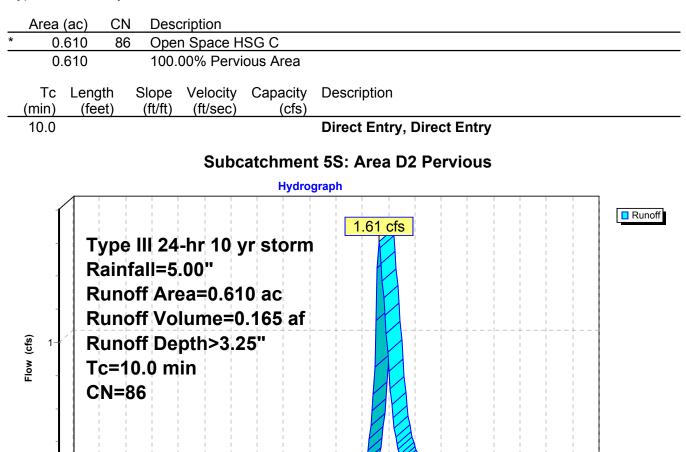
Time (hours)

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12 13 14 15

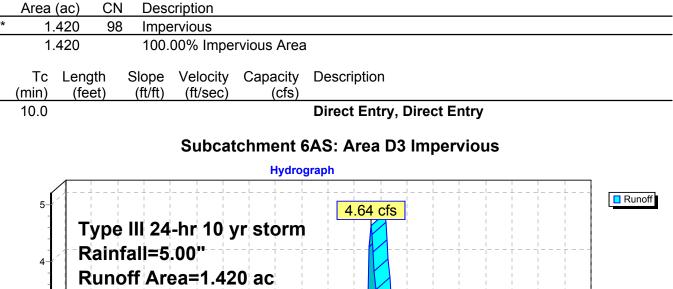
16 17 18 19

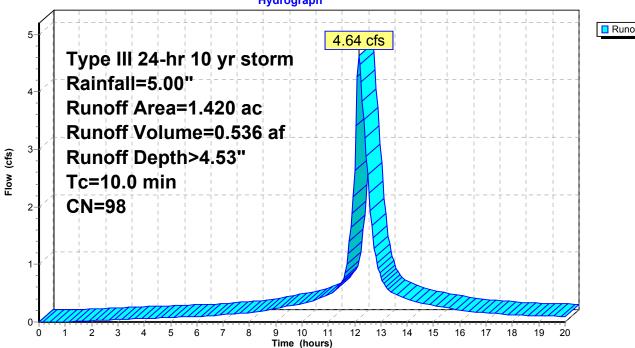
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# Summary for Subcatchment 6AS: Area D3 Impervious

Runoff = 4.64 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.536 af, Depth> 4.53"





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## Summary for Subcatchment 6S: Area D3 Pervious

Runoff = 1.05 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 0.108 af, Depth> 3.25"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 yr storm Rainfall=5.00"

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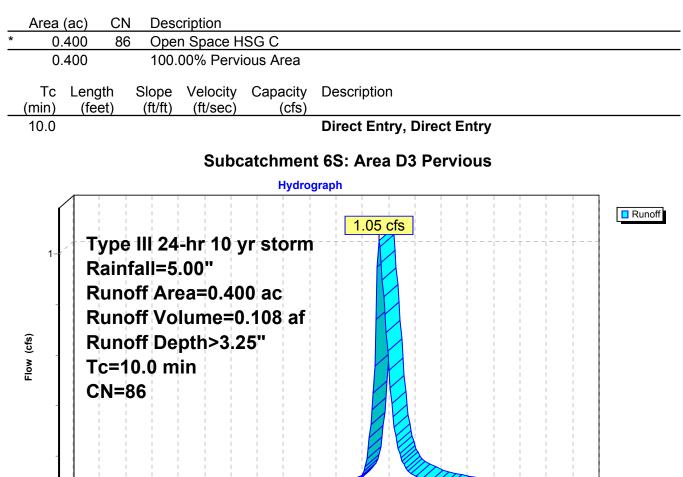
Time (hours)

11

12 13 14 15

16 17 18 19

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# Summary for Pond 7P: Basins C and D

The available storage in the basins was derived from the Pond Report submitted by the developer. The outlet structure data was derived from the developer's stormwater report.

Inflow Area =	25.380 ac, 70.69% Impervious, Inflow D	Depth > 4.12" for 10 yr storm event
Inflow =	77.47 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume=	8.714 af
Outflow =	12.04 cfs @ 13.07 hrs, Volume=	4.941 af, Atten= 84%, Lag= 54.5 min
Primary =	12.04 cfs @ 13.07 hrs, Volume=	4.941 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 50.63' @ 13.07 hrs Surf.Area= 0 sf Storage= 244,831 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 262.6 min calculated for 4.941 af (57% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 172.4 min (913.9 - 741.5)

Volume	Inve	rt Avail.Stor	rage Storage Description
#1	49.20	0' 510,36	6 cf Custom Stage Data Listed below
Elevatio (fee		um.Store ubic-feet <u>)</u>	
49.2	20	0	
50.0		132,098	
50.2	-	166,073	
50.3		183,793	
51.0 52.0		314,791 510,366	
52.0	0	510,500	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	42.07'	48.0" Round Culvert
			L= 63.0' RCP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Outlet Invert= 42.00' S= 0.0011 '/' Cc= 0.900
#2	Device 1	49.20'	n= 0.011 Concrete pipe, straight & clean <b>4.0" Vert, Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600
#2	Device 1	49.92'	<b>3.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir</b> 2 End Contraction(s)
#4	Device 1	51.26'	16.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)
#5	Primary	42.90'	30.0" Round Culvert
			L= 112.0' RCP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Outlet Invert= 42.00' S= 0.0080 '/' Cc= 0.900
#0	Davias 5	40.00	n= 0.015 Concrete sewer w/manholes & inlets
#6 #7	Device 5 Device 5	49.20' 49.92'	<b>4.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 <b>3.0' Iong Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir</b> 2 End Contraction(s)
#7 #8	Device 5	49.92 51.26'	<b>16.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir</b> 2 End Contraction(s)
		01.20	

# Waterview Center Proposed Phases 1 and 2

Prepared by Emerald Environmental Solutions HydroCAD® 9.00 s/n 06215 © 2009 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

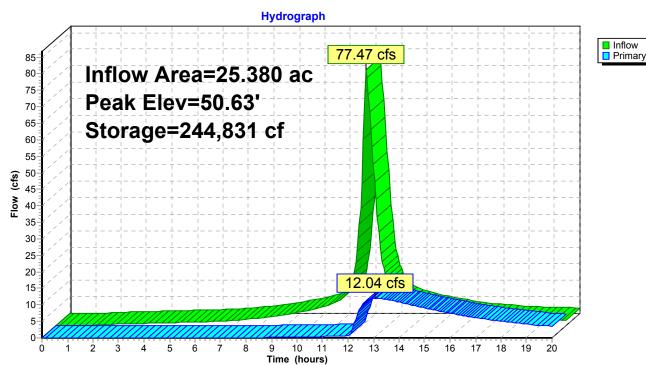
Type III 24-hr 10 yr storm Rainfall=5.00" Printed 12/18/2009 S LLC Page 35

Primary OutFlow Max=12.04 cfs @ 13.07 hrs HW=50.63' (Free Discharge) 1=Culvert (Passes 6.02 cfs of 154.93 cfs potential flow) 2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.47 cfs @ 5.40 fps) 3=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 5.55 cfs @ 2.75 fps) 4=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs) 5=Culvert (Passes 6.02 cfs of 57.45 cfs potential flow)

**6=Orifice/Grate** (Orifice Controls 0.47 cfs @ 5.40 fps)

-7=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 5.55 cfs @ 2.75 fps)

-8=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)



Pond 7P: Basins C and D

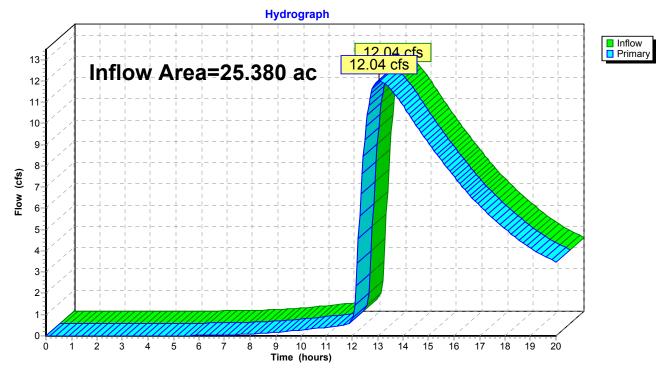
Stage-Discharge 52 Primary Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir + Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 51 Elevation (feet) ted Rectangular Weir + Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 50 Sharp-Cre Orifice/Grate + Orifice/Grate 50 60 Discharge (cfs) 10 20 30 40 70 80 90 100 110 Ó

Pond 7P: Basins C and D

# Summary for Link 8L: Point of Analysis

Inflow Area	=	25.380 ac, 70.69% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 2.34" for 10 yr storm event
Inflow	=	2.04 cfs @ 13.07 hrs, Volume= 4.941 af
Primary	=	2.04 cfs @ 13.07 hrs, Volume= 4.941 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs



# Link 8L: Point of Analysis

Waterview Center Proposed Phases 1 and 2Type III 24-hr 100 year storm Rainfall=8.30"Prepared by Emerald Environmental SolutionsPrinted 12/18/2009HydroCAD® 9.00 s/n 06215 © 2009 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLCPage 38					
Runoff by SC	0-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 401 points CS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva d method . Pond routing by Stor-Ind method				
Subcatchment 1AS: Area C1 Impervious	Runoff Area=4.120 ac 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>7.68" Tc=10.0 min CN=98 Runoff=22.42 cfs 2.636 af				
Subcatchment 1S: Area C1 Pervious	Runoff Area=4.120 ac 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>6.02" Tc=10.0 min CN=84 Runoff=19.70 cfs 2.066 af				
Subcatchment 2AS: Area C3 Impervious	Runoff Area=3.300 ac 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>7.68" Tc=10.0 min CN=98 Runoff=17.96 cfs 2.111 af				
Subcatchment 2S: Area C3 Pervious	Runoff Area=0.600 ac 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>6.25" Tc=10.0 min CN=86 Runoff=2.95 cfs 0.313 af				
Subcatchment 3AS: Area C5 Impervious	Runoff Area=5.730 ac 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>7.68" Tc=10.0 min CN=98 Runoff=31.18 cfs 3.666 af				
Subcatchment 3S: Area C5 Pervious	Runoff Area=1.450 ac 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>6.25" Tc=10.0 min CN=86 Runoff=7.13 cfs 0.755 af				
Subcatchment 4AS: Area D1 Impervious	Runoff Area=1.250 ac 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>7.68" Tc=10.0 min CN=98 Runoff=6.80 cfs 0.800 af				
Subcatchment 4S: Area D1 Pervious	Runoff Area=0.260 ac 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>5.43" Tc=10.0 min CN=79 Runoff=1.14 cfs 0.118 af				
Subcatchment 5AS: Area D2 Impervious	Runoff Area=2.120 ac 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>7.68" Tc=10.0 min CN=98 Runoff=11.54 cfs 1.356 af				
Subcatchment 5S: Area D2 Pervious	Runoff Area=0.610 ac 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>6.25" Tc=10.0 min CN=86 Runoff=3.00 cfs 0.318 af				
Subcatchment 6AS: Area D3 Impervious	Runoff Area=1.420 ac 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>7.68" Tc=10.0 min CN=98 Runoff=7.73 cfs 0.909 af				
Subcatchment 6S: Area D3 Pervious	Runoff Area=0.400 ac 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>6.25" Tc=10.0 min CN=86 Runoff=1.97 cfs 0.208 af				
Pond 7P: Basins C and D	Peak Elev=51.36' Storage=385,581 cf Inflow=133.53 cfs 15.256 af Outflow=35.31 cfs 10.948 af				
Link 8L: Point of Analysis	Inflow=35.31 cfs 10.948 af Primary=35.31 cfs 10.948 af				
Total Pupoff Aroa - 25 200 av	$\sim$ Punoff Volume = 15 256 af Average Punoff Depth = 7 21				

Total Runoff Area = 25.380 ac Runoff Volume = 15.256 af Average Runoff Depth = 7.21" 29.31% Pervious = 7.440 ac 70.69% Impervious = 17.940 ac

## Summary for Subcatchment 1AS: Area C1 Impervious

Runoff = 22.42 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 2.636 af, Depth> 7.68"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 year storm Rainfall=8.30"

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Time (hours)

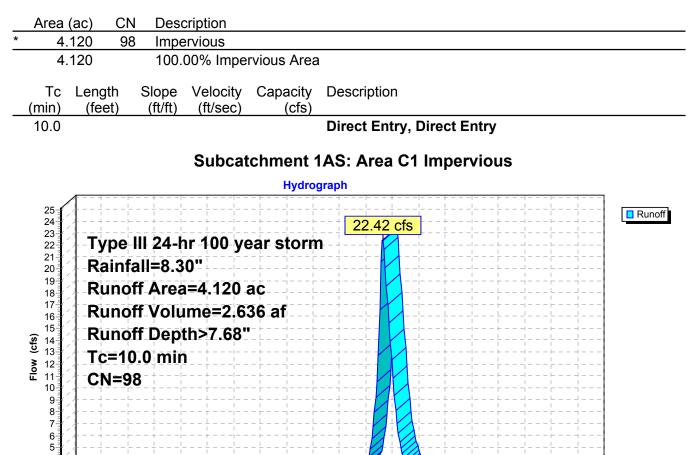
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## Summary for Subcatchment 1S: Area C1 Pervious

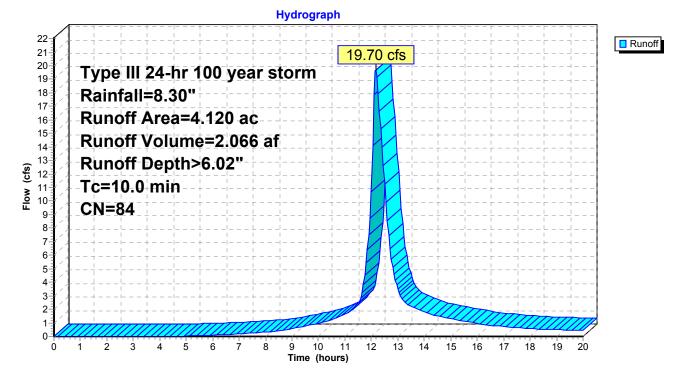
Curve number revised to reflect .22 acres of Woods rather than Open Space

Runoff	=	19.70 cfs @	12.16 hrs, Vol	ume= 2.066 af	, Depth>	6.02"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 year storm Rainfall=8.30"

_	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription		
*	0.	640	79	Ope	n Space H	SG B	
*	3.	260	86	Ope	n Space H	SG C	
*	0.1	220	70	Woo	ds HSG C		
		4.12084Weighted Average4.120100.00% Pervious Area					
	Tc (min)	Leng (fee		Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	10.0						Direct Entry, Direct Entry

#### Subcatchment 1S: Area C1 Pervious



#### Summary for Subcatchment 2AS: Area C3 Impervious

Runoff 17.96 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 2.111 af, Depth> 7.68" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 year storm Rainfall=8.30"

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Time (hours)

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> 8-7-6 5-4 3-2 1 0

CN=98

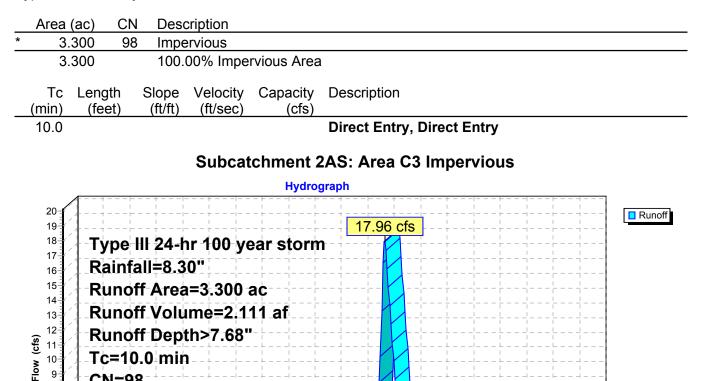
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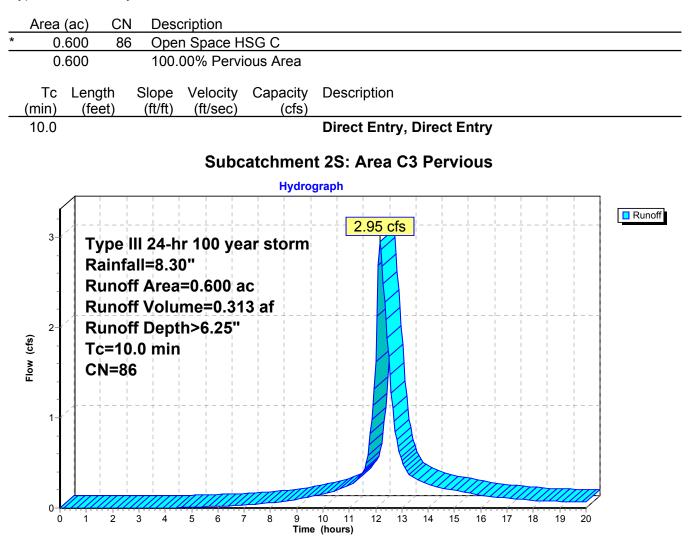
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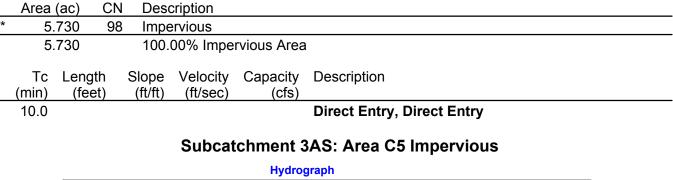
## Summary for Subcatchment 2S: Area C3 Pervious

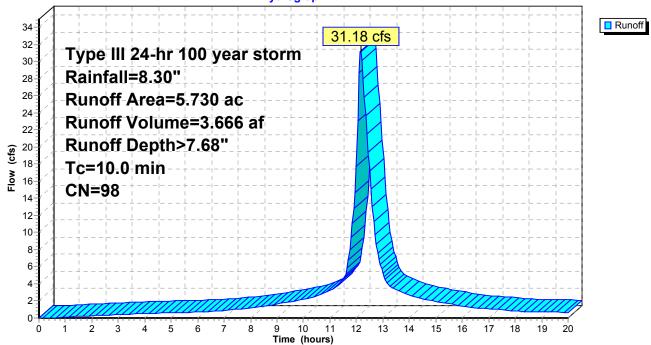
Runoff = 2.95 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.313 af, Depth> 6.25"



## Summary for Subcatchment 3AS: Area C5 Impervious

Runoff = 31.18 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 3.666 af, Depth> 7.68"

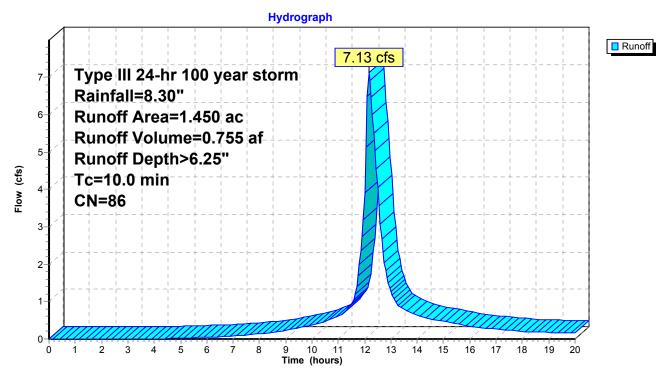




# Summary for Subcatchment 3S: Area C5 Pervious

Runoff = 7.13 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.755 af, Depth> 6.25"

	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription				
*	1.	450	86	Ope	n Space H	SG C			
	1.450 100.00% Pervious Area					ous Area			
	Tc (min)	Leng (fee		Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description		
	10.0						Direct Entry, Direct Entry		
	Subcatchment 3S: Area C5 Pervious								



## Summary for Subcatchment 4AS: Area D1 Impervious

Runoff = 6.80 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.800 af, Depth> 7.68"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=Delmarva, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 year storm Rainfall=8.30"

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Time (hours)

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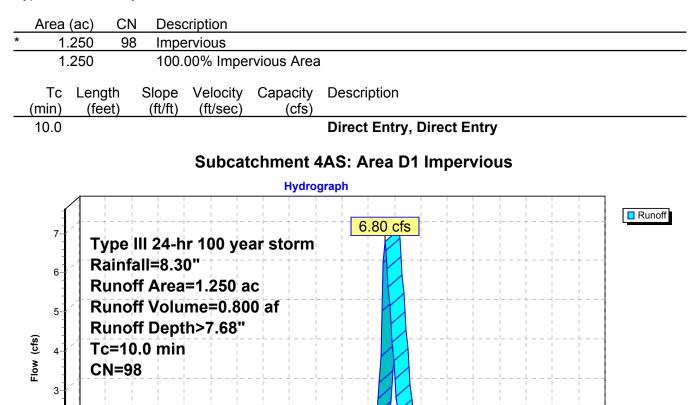
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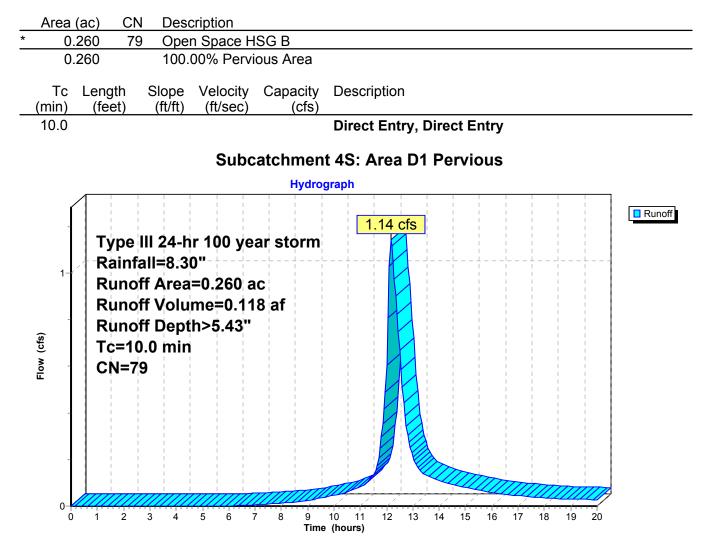
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#### Summary for Subcatchment 4S: Area D1 Pervious

Open Space appears to be located in HSG C soils. Assume HSG B soils to be conservative.

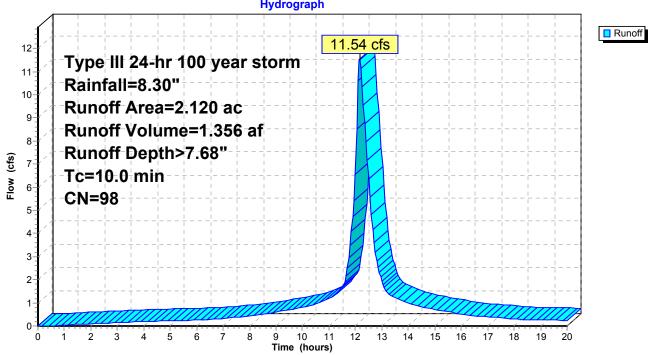
Runoff	=	1.14 cfs @	12.17 hrs, Volume=	0.118 af, Depth> 5.43"



# Summary for Subcatchment 5AS: Area D2 Impervious

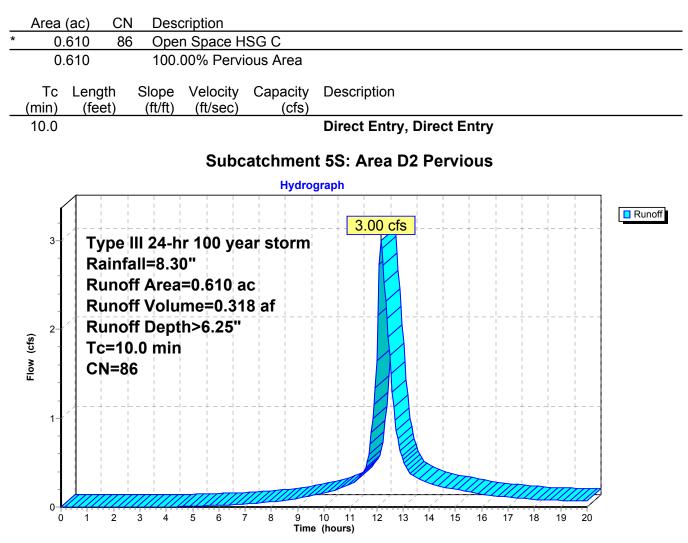
Runoff = 11.54 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 1.356 af, Depth> 7.68"

	Area	(ac) (	CN	Desc	ription		
*	2.	120	98	Impe	rvious		
	2.	120		100.0	00% Impe	rvious Area	
	Tc (min)	Length (feet)	S	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	10.0						Direct Entry, Direct Entry
Subcatchment 5AS: Area D2 Impervious							



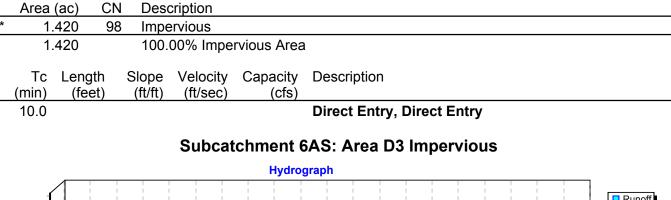
## Summary for Subcatchment 5S: Area D2 Pervious

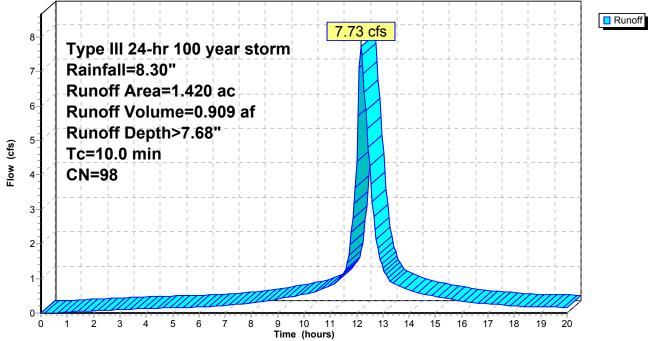
Runoff = 3.00 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.318 af, Depth> 6.25"



## Summary for Subcatchment 6AS: Area D3 Impervious

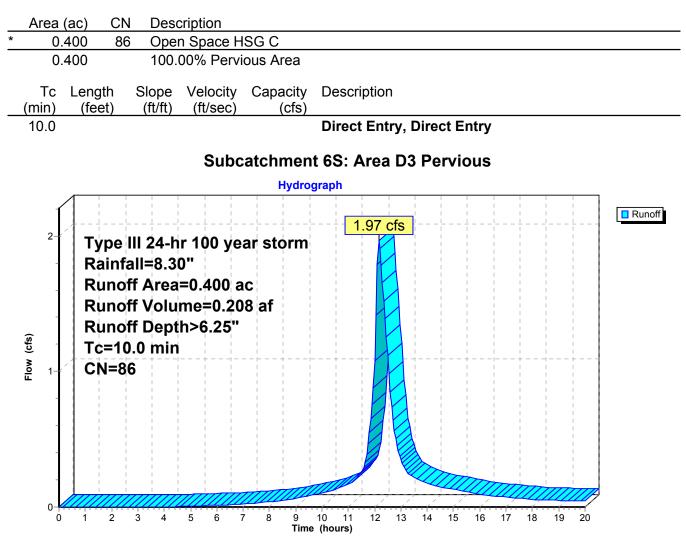
Runoff = 7.73 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.909 af, Depth> 7.68"





## Summary for Subcatchment 6S: Area D3 Pervious

Runoff = 1.97 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.208 af, Depth> 6.25"



# Summary for Pond 7P: Basins C and D

The available storage in the basins was derived from the Pond Report submitted by the developer. The outlet structure data was derived from the developer's stormwater report.

Inflow Area =	25.380 ac, 70.69% Impervious, Inflow I	Depth > 7.21" for 100 year storm event
Inflow =	133.53 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume=	15.256 af
Outflow =	35.31 cfs @ 12.77 hrs, Volume=	10.948 af, Atten= 74%, Lag= 36.8 min
Primary =	35.31 cfs @ 12.77 hrs, Volume=	10.948 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 51.36' @ 12.77 hrs Surf.Area= 0 sf Storage= 385,581 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 220.5 min calculated for 10.921 af (72% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 151.6 min (885.3 - 733.7)

Volume	Inve	rt Avail.Stor	rage Storage Description
#1	49.20	D' 510,36	6 cf Custom Stage DataListed below
Elevatio (fee		um.Store Jbic-feet)	
49.2	20	0	
50.0		132,098	
50.2	-	166,073	
50.3		183,793	
51.0 52.0		314,791 510,366	
52.0	00	510,300	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	42.07'	48.0" Round Culvert
			L= 63.0' RCP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Outlet Invert= 42.00' S= 0.0011 '/' Cc= 0.900
#2	Device 1	49.20'	n= 0.011 Concrete pipe, straight & clean <b>4.0" Vert, Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600
#2	Device 1	49.92'	<b>3.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir</b> 2 End Contraction(s)
#4	Device 1	51.26'	16.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)
#5	Primary	42.90'	30.0" Round Culvert
	·		L= 112.0' RCP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500
			Outlet Invert= 42.00' S= 0.0080 '/' Cc= 0.900
#0	Davias 5	40.00	n= 0.015 Concrete sewer w/manholes & inlets
#6 #7	Device 5 Device 5	49.20' 49.92'	<b>4.0" Vert. Orifice/Grate</b> C= 0.600 <b>3.0' Jong Sharp Crosted Bestangular Wair</b> 2 End Contraction(s)
#7 #8	Device 5 Device 5	49.92 51.26'	3.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s) 16.0' long Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir 2 End Contraction(s)
π <b>υ</b>		01.20	

Waterview Center Proposed Phases 1 and 2Type III 24-hr 100 year stormRainfall=8.30"Prepared by Emerald Environmental SolutionsPrinted12/18/2009HydroCAD® 9.00s/n 06215© 2009 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLCPage 52

Primary OutFlow Max=35.25 cfs @ 12.77 hrs HW=51.36' (Free Discharge) 1=Culvert (Passes 17.63 cfs of 163.38 cfs potential flow) 2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.59 cfs @ 6.80 fps) -3=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 15.35 cfs @ 3.93 fps)

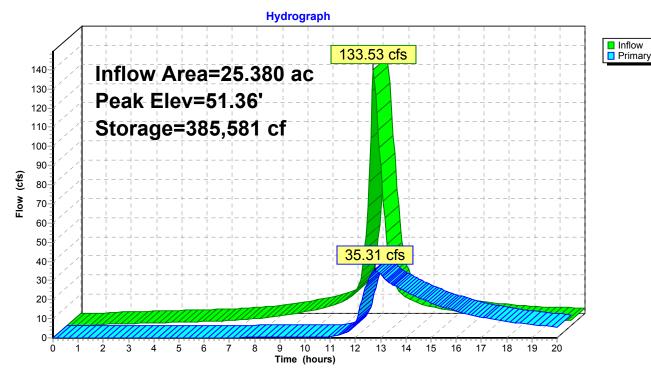
4=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 1.69 cfs @ 1.04 fps)

**5=Culvert** (Passes 17.63 cfs of 60.80 cfs potential flow)

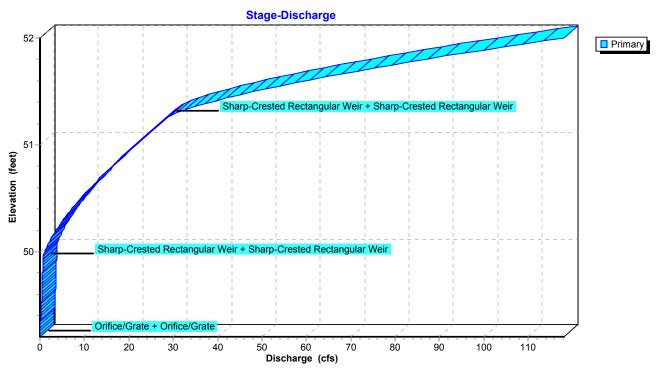
6=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.59 cfs @ 6.80 fps)

-7=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir (Weir Controls 15.35 cfs @ 3.93 fps)

**8=Sharp-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Weir Controls 1.69 cfs @ 1.04 fps)



Pond 7P: Basins C and D

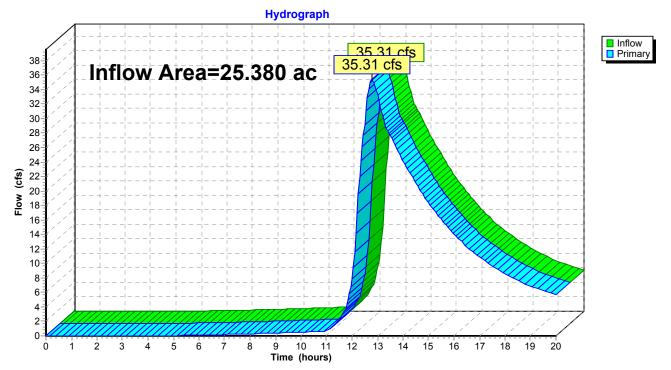


Pond 7P: Basins C and D

# Summary for Link 8L: Point of Analysis

Inflow Area	a =	25.380 ac, 70.69% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 5.18" for 100 year storm event
Inflow	=	35.31 cfs @ 12.77 hrs, Volume= 10.948 af
Primary	=	35.31 cfs @ 12.77 hrs, Volume= 10.948 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs



# Link 8L: Point of Analysis